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Interventions for People Who Have Attempted Suicide and Their Family Members

A Systematic Review

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Over the past two decades, the Department of Defense (DoD) has invested substantial resources into developing effective treatments for military-related psychological health conditions. Systematic reviews are a key component in the knowledge translation process and function to translate the available research into evidence-based health care guidelines that promote optimal clinical care. Although a few government agencies, including the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), have established evidence synthesis centers, there is no similar center within DoD that exclusively focuses on psychological health issues. The Southern California Evidence-Based Practice Center, housed at the RAND Corporation, was awarded a three-year contract to synthesize research on psychological health interventions that are important to military populations. This systematic review and series of meta-analyses of key outcomes reviews the uptake, retention, and effectiveness of suicide aftercare intervention (i.e., interventions that occur after a suicide attempt), and whether intervention can reduce future attempts. The results of this review will be of interest to health policymakers and practitioners.

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Contents

About This Report
Figuresvi
Tables
Summary
Chapter 1. Introduction
Key Questions
Chapter 2. Methods
Sources
Search Strategy4
Eligibility Criteria
Eligibility Screening
Data Extraction
Data Analysis7
Risk of Bias9
Quality of Evidence10
Chapter 3. Results
Literature Flow12
Included Studies14
KQ1. What Is the Effect of Aftercare Interventions on Uptake, Retention, Effectiveness Measures,
and Unintended Consequences for People Who Have Attempted Suicide?19
KQ2. What Is the Effect of Aftercare Interventions on Uptake, Retention, Effectiveness Measures,
and Unintended Consequences for the Family Members of People Who Have Attempted
Suicide?
Chapter 4. Discussion
Results in the Context of Other Reviews
Limitations
Implications for Practice and Research
Appendix A. Search Strategy
Appendix B. Evidence Table45
Appendix C. Excluded Studies and Background Literature
Abbreviations
References

Figures

Figure 3.1. Flow Diagram	14
Figure 3.2. Risk of Bias	19
Figure 3.3. Effect on Suicide Attempts	20
Figure 3.4. Effect on Suicide Death	22
Figure 3.5. Effect on Self-Harm	23
Figure 3.6. Effect on Suicide Ideation	24
Figure 3.7. Effect on Depression	25
Figure 3.8. Effect on Hopelessness	26

Tables

Table 3.1. Table of Included Interventions	17
Table 3.2. List of Scale Measures of Effectiveness	18
Table 3.3. Active Comparators	
Table 4.1. Summary of Findings and Quality of Evidence Table	
Table B.1. Evidence Table	46
Table B.2. Risk of Bias	

Summary

Suicide is recognized widely as a problem, with nearly 800,000 people worldwide completing suicide every year. A history of having attempted suicide is an important risk factor for suicide. Suicide aftercare interventions aim to reduce future suicidal behavior (i.e., suicide, attempt, or ideation) of people who have attempted suicide. *Aftercare* refers to interventions that aim to benefit people who have attempted suicide and interventions that address their family members. Interventions might intend to facilitate psychosocial adjustment, prevent and reduce suicidal behavior in the future, and promote psychological well-being.

The purpose of this systematic review and the meta-analyses of key outcomes was to synthesize the existing evidence on aftercare interventions, addressing the following key questions (KQs) and subquestions:

- KQ1: What is the effect of aftercare interventions on uptake, retention, effectiveness measures, and unintended consequences for individuals who have attempted suicide?
 - KQ1a: Do the effects vary by the intensity of the intervention?
 - KQ1b: Do the effects vary by the type of intervention?
 - KQ1c: Do the effects vary by intervention target?
 - KQ1d: Do the effects vary by population?
- KQ2: What is the effect of aftercare interventions on uptake, retention, effectiveness measures, and unintended consequences for the family members of people who have attempted suicide?
 - KQ2a: Do the effects vary by the intensity of the intervention?
 - KQ2b: Do the effects vary by the type of intervention?
 - KQ2c: Do the effects vary by intervention target?
 - KQ2d: Do the effects vary by population?

Methods

We searched research databases (e.g., PubMed, PsycINFO, CINAHL, Web of Science) and trial registries (e.g., ClinicalTrials.gov, the World Health Organization's International Clinical Trials Registry Program) and screened bibliographies of existing systematic reviews and included studies.

We included studies that evaluated the effects of an aftercare intervention on individuals with a history of having attempted suicide or those individuals' *family members* (broadly defined as family members, caregivers, or friends). Eligible studies included clinical trials (randomized controlled trials [RCTs] or nonrandomized trials) and evaluations of large-scale interventions, such as screening or monitoring programs, that reported on a concurrent or historic comparator

(e.g., pre-post studies, cohort studies comparing two cohorts).

Two reviewers screened publications for inclusion, abstracted study-level information, and assessed the risk of bias of included studies. The primary outcome of the review was repeated suicide attempts. Critical appraisal focused on selection bias, performance bias, detection bias, attrition bias, and study-specific sources. The quality of the body of evidence (QoE) for the effect estimate of each outcome was evaluated using the Grading of Recommendations Assessment, Development and Evaluation (GRADE) approach.

Results

In total, 73 studies met inclusion criteria, including 52 RCTs. Risk of bias was acceptable with most issues due to selection bias and confounding.

Interventions showed a statistically significant reduction in further suicide attempts for intervention participants (relative risk [RR] 0.78; confidence interval [CI] 0.67, 0.91; 33 studies; moderate QoE). There was evidence of publication bias, but the effect remained significant after taking publication bias into account. In addition, interventions reported an effect on suicide deaths (RR 0.71; CI 0.50, 0.99; 16 studies; low QoE). Interventions also reduced depression (SMD –0.32; CI –0.57, –0.06; 17 studies; low QoE) and hopelessness (SMD –0.42; CI –0.78, –0.05; 10 studies; low QoE). Uptake of interventions varied widely by intervention. Similarly, the treatment retention of participants varied considerably. Only three studies reported on unintended consequences; these were adverse events of medications.

Regarding KQ1a, we found no indication that the intensity of the intervention is systematically associated with the treatment success. Although we found 21 studies comparing two interventions directly, we were unable to determine which intervention types systematically produce better outcomes for patients (KQ1b). We could not explore the effects of the intervention target (e.g., on those participants who attempted suicide versus on family members or both) because of the paucity of studies addressing family members of people who attempted suicide (KQ1c). Populations in the studies that we included were varied, but we found only two studies reporting on military samples, which hindered analyses to identify population-specific effects (KQ1d).

We were unable to meaningfully address the effects of interventions on family members (KQ2) because these were very rarely included in existing research studies. Studies did not evaluate interventions that incorporated family members, and studies rarely reported on the effects of the suicide aftercare interventions on family members.

Conclusions

Across studies, we found that suicide aftercare can reduce the risk of further suicide attempt, but we found no evidence that the type of intervention or intensity of it affected outcomes. Research is needed to explore which interventions will produce the greatest clinical improvements and reduction in future suicide attempts and to identify effective interventions for service members and for family members of people who have attempted suicide.

Suicide is widely recognized as a problem across the world and in the United States (Stone et al., 2017). In 2016, nearly 800,000 people worldwide completed suicide, and the age-adjusted global rate of suicide was 10.5 per 100,000 people (World Health Organization, 2021a). In the United States, where the 2016 annual age-adjusted suicide rate was 13.42 per 100,000 individuals (American Foundation for Suicide Prevention, undated), nearly 45,000 people died by suicide in 2016. Suicide rates increased in nearly every state between 1999 and 2016, and the magnitude of increase was greater than 30 percent in half of the states (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention [CDC], 2018). A history of having attempted suicide is the single greatest risk factor for suicide (World Health Organization, 2021b). It is estimated that of the 255 million adults over the age of 18 in the United States in 2019, 45,865 died by suicide (CDC, 2021) and 1.4 million attempted suicide (American Foundation for Suicide Prevention, undated; CDC, 2021). A systematic review of 90 studies found that after nine years, 7 percent of those with a prior episode of self-harm had died by suicide (Owens, Horrocks, and House, 2002).

Suicide is also recognized as a problem in U.S. military service member and veteran populations (Ramchand et al., 2015). The suicide rate in the military approximately doubled between 2005 and 2009 (Pruitt et al., 2018). In 2016, across all military service branches, there were 21.1 completed suicides per 100,000 service members in the Active Component (Pruitt et al., 2018). Results of the 2021 Department of Defense (DoD) Suicide Event Report indicate that, in the active-duty military, suicide rates increased significantly since 2011 (Military Health Agency, undated). Suicide mortality rates in the active duty in calendar year 2019 were 25.9 completed suicides per 100,000 service members. Accordingly, DoD has invested considerable resources in research to enhance understanding of the causes of suicide and in the development of programs to prevent suicide among military service members.

DoD has recognized that, in addition to policies and programs to prevent suicide, an effective response to suicide includes the provision of efficacious aftercare to military service members who have attempted but not completed suicide and their family members (Assessment and Management of Risk for Suicide Working Group, 2013; DoD Instruction 6490.16, 2020). Such aftercare might include interventions that aim to benefit people who have attempted suicide and their family members by facilitating their psychosocial adjustment, preventing and reducing suicidal behavior in the future, and promoting their psychological well-being. Aftercare also could explicitly aim to benefit family members of people who have attempted suicide by supporting them in their support of the person who attempted suicide (e.g., social support groups or respite care for family members of people who have attempted suicide).

The provision of efficacious aftercare for people who have attempted suicide and their family members is impeded by critical gaps in the evidence base; there is little known about which types

1

of interventions are most beneficial to people who have attempted suicide and their family members. One review conducted in the mid-2000s suggested that psychotherapy for depression effectively reduces risk of subsequent suicide attempt(s) among people who have attempted suicide (Mann et al., 2005). However, many of the existing studies included in this review suffered from methodological limitations, such as small sample sizes or lack of randomization, thus impeding our understanding of the true efficacy of these interventions. In recent years, large-scale studies have been published (Pan et al., 2013), and studies using strong study designs, such as randomized controlled trials (RCTs), have become available (Milner et al., 2015). Existing reviews either did not report estimates of the effectiveness or comparative effectiveness of programs, or they were limited to specific types of interventions, such as brief contact interventions (Milner et al., 2015) or psychotherapy (Calati and Courtet, 2016). Moreover, evaluations of interventions for people who have attempted suicide are often excluded from general reviews of suicide prevention (Harrod et al., 2014). As noted previously, people with a history of having attempted suicide are a small, high-risk population, and a history of having attempted suicide is the single greatest risk factor for completed suicide. However, many reviews have included studies of self-harm (e.g., Hawton et al., 2016), which encompasses nonfatal intentional acts of self-injury regardless of suicidal intent (Hawton et al., 2016). To ensure that evaluations of aftercare are applicable to people with a history of having attempted suicide, it is critical to focus on people with a history of having attempted suicide. Furthermore, the efficacy of aftercare for the family members of people who have attempted suicide is a particularly understudied topic. This report will focus on interventions for people who have attempted suicide and their families, while postvention (i.e., interventions following the death from suicide; Ramchand et al., 2015) is outside the scope of the report.

To better understand treatment effects, a broad variety of outcomes must be studied, such as treatment uptake, treatment retention, health outcomes, and unintended consequences. Uptake can be measured as the proportion of participants who agreed to enroll in the intervention out of those who had the opportunity to enroll, the proportion of participants who completed the first session or other instance of the treatment out of those who agreed to enroll in treatment, or the proportion of participants in the intervention group who completed each of the intervention's components. Treatment retention can be measured as the proportion of participants who completed the treatment or the average proportion of sessions completed. Health outcomes also provide data about the effectiveness of interventions, even those interventions that can be implemented without individuals actively enrolling in them. For example, outreach and the offer of support, such as the type that is provided in caring contact interventions, can reduce subsequent suicide attempt even in participant groups that do not explicitly seek treatment (Motto, 1976). A synthesis of the evidence also needs to consider potential adverse events or unintended consequences of interventions. For example, the use of antidepressants, such as selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), has been linked to suicide attempts in previous systematic reviews of observational studies (Barbui, Esposito, and Cipriani, 2009) and RCTs

(Fergusson et al., 2005). In one of these reviews, the nature of the association differed for adolescents and adults: SSRIs were found to increase the risk of suicide in adolescents and decrease the risk of suicide in adults (Barbui, Esposito, and Cipriani, 2009). These findings suggest that intervention effects can be complex and that unintended consequences are important to measure.

To fill these knowledge gaps, this systematic review is needed to synthesize the existing evidence using internationally recognized methods of grading the quality of the evidence. This systematic review and the associated meta-analyses fill this gap in the literature, yielding conclusions regarding the effectiveness of interventions for aftercare of individuals who attempt suicide as well as their family members.

The purpose of this systematic review and these meta-analyses is to synthesize the evidence on aftercare interventions for people who have attempted suicide and their family members. Specifically, the systematic review examines the uptake, treatment retention, and effectiveness of these interventions with respect to their effects on multiple indicators of suicidal behavior as well as on psychological health and psychosocial adjustment.

Key Questions

This research will address the following key questions (KQs) and subquestions:

- KQ1: What is the effect of aftercare interventions on uptake, retention, effectiveness measures, and unintended consequences for people who have attempted suicide?
 - KQ1a: Do the effects vary by the intensity of the intervention?
 - KQ1b: Do the effects vary by the type of intervention (e.g., psychotherapy, pharmacotherapy, caring contact interventions)?
 - KQ1c: Do the effects vary by intervention target (e.g., interventions that target both patients and family members versus interventions that target only patients?)
 - KQ1d: Do the effects vary by population (e.g., military versus civilian)?
- KQ2: What is the effect of aftercare interventions on uptake, retention, effectiveness measures, and unintended consequences for the family members of people who have attempted suicide?
 - KQ2a: Do the effects vary by the intensity of the intervention?
 - KQ2b: Do the effects vary by the type of intervention (e.g., psychotherapy, pharmacotherapy, social support groups)?
 - KQ2c: Do the effects vary by intervention target (e.g., interventions that target both patients and family members versus interventions that target only family members)?
 - KQ2d: Do the effects vary by population (e.g., military versus civilian)?

The systematic review is registered in PROSPERO (2018 CRD42018116997), an international registry for systematic reviews, and followed a detailed protocol.

Sources

We searched the following research databases for individual studies: PubMed, PsycINFO, Cumulative Index to Nursing and Allied Health Literature (CINAHL), and the Web of Science. In addition, we searched the clinical trial registries ClinicalTrials.gov and the World Health Organization International Clinical Trials Registry Platform (ICTRP). We searched the Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews (CDSR), PubMed, and PsycINFO for systematic reviews, and screened bibliographies of existing systematic reviews and included studies. We contacted topic experts to identify pertinent studies.

Search Strategy

The search strategy was developed by a librarian in the Southern California Evidence-Based Practice Center (EPC) and was informed by content experts and existing systematic reviews on similar topics (Mann et al., 2005; Zalsman et al., 2016). The search strategy, including the specific search terms and filters that we applied, is shown in Appendix A. This strategy used terms related to suicide attempt and aftercare, including but not limited to psychotherapy and pharmacotherapy. Searches did not use filters for participant groups (e.g., military personnel) and were not restricted by participant characteristics.

Eligibility Criteria

Study inclusion and exclusion criteria can be summarized in the PICOTSS framework (participants, interventions, comparators, outcomes, timing, settings, and study design) as follows:

• *Participants*: Studies of participants who have attempted but not completed suicide and/or their close family members, significant others, caregivers, or friends were eligible for inclusion. *Suicide attempt* was defined as "a self-inflicted, potentially injurious behavior with a nonfatal outcome for which there is evidence (either explicit or implicit) of intent to die" (Silverman et al., 2007). Studies in which the results of the proportion of participants who have attempted suicide could not be determined were excluded. That is, all participants (100 percent) in each study had to have a history of having attempted suicide or results had to be available for the subset of participants with a history of having

attempted suicide. Samples were not further restricted and included civilian and military samples.

- *Interventions*: Studies evaluating an aftercare intervention, including interventions that aimed to reduce suicidal behavior (suicide, attempt, or ideation) and/or increase psychosocial adjustment after attempted suicide (e.g., adaptation to life circumstances), and/or promote psychological well-being (e.g., mood), and/or support family members in their support of the person who has attempted suicide (e.g., social support groups for family members of people who have attempted suicide or respite care intervention) were eligible. Interventions were eligible regardless of their format and could include inperson, telehealth, or other approaches (e.g., follow-up letters). We excluded medical interventions that were designed to prevent death in someone who has attempted suicide, such as interventions to treat poisoning. We excluded interventions that were intended solely to enhance the well-being of the family members of people who have attempted suicide.
- *Comparators*: Studies that included placebo, treatment as usual or standard care as defined by the study, wait-list control, another active treatment, no treatment, or the status before the intervention implementation were included.
- *Outcomes*: Studies that report one or more of the following outcomes for people who have attempted suicide or their close family members were included: uptake, treatment retention, both, effectiveness and unintended consequences. Uptake outcomes may have included the proportion of participants agreeing to enroll who were approached originally or other indications of the uptake of the intervention or intervention components. Treatment retention outcomes may have included the proportion of participants who enrolled and the average proportion of sessions completed the treatment out of those who enrolled and the average proportion of sessions completed. Effect outcomes included both effectiveness measures (suicide-related effects: suicide, attempt, ideation, self-harm; other effects: depressive symptoms, psychological distress, anxiety, health-related quality of life, psychosocial adjustment or functioning) and unintended consequences (e.g., adverse events associated with the intervention).
- *Timing*: There were no restrictions related to publication year, the length of the intervention, or the length of the follow-up period.
- *Setting*: There were no restrictions related to settings, and settings may have included outpatient or inpatient care in national and international settings, including health care as well as settings outside health care.
- *Study design*: Eligible studies included parallel group, individual, or cluster RCTs and non-RCTs; and studies of large-scale interventions, such as screening or monitoring programs targeting at least 100 participants if the study reported on a concurrent or historic comparator (e.g., controlled and uncontrolled pre-post studies, cohort studies that compared two cohorts).

We retained relevant systematic reviews (e.g., reviews of suicide aftercare or those that were ambitious and may have looked at studies of interventions for people who attempted suicide, even if the review was focused on suicide prevention more broadly) for reference mining. We excluded research solely contained in abbreviated formats, such as letters and conference abstracts, and those that were not published in the English language.

Eligibility Screening

One reviewer screened all retrieved citations manually. In addition, we used a machinelearning algorithm to screen citations. All citations that were identified as potentially relevant were retrieved as full-text publications.

Full-text publications were evaluated independently by two reviewers to determine whether they met the detailed eligibility criteria. Disagreements about the inclusion or exclusion of a particular publication were resolved through discussion within our review team. Reasons for exclusion were recorded in a reference-management database.

Data Extraction

We created a data extraction form in online software that is designed for systematic reviews. The form included detailed instructions and decision rules for reviewers to maintain a standardized data-collection process. To ensure consistency of interpretation of all fields on the form, reviewers pilot-tested the form on a sample of studies. The form was then modified and tested again on a randomly selected sample of eligible studies. Data were abstracted by one reviewer and checked by a second experienced reviewer. Any discrepancies were resolved through discussion to ensure the validity of the data points. Information extracted from individual studies included the following:

- Participants:
 - People who have attempted suicide: gender, age, marital status, military population, comorbidities (e.g., psychiatric diagnoses, other conditions at study inception), history of having attempted suicide (number of past suicide attempts), eligibility criteria
 - Family members: relationship to person who attempted suicide, gender, age, eligibility criteria.
- Interventions—category/type:
 - Suicide-prevention training for health care professionals (e.g., gatekeeper training to recognize signs and/or treatment and referral options)
 - Suicide risk screening or assessment intervention (e.g., implemented in an organization to prevent suicide, formal screening)
 - Outreach (e.g., contacting patients who have attempted suicide or their family members)
 - Psychoeducation and case management for patients following attempted suicide or for their family members
 - Pharmacological treatment for patients following attempted suicide or for their family members (e.g., antidepressants, antipsychotics, lithium, ketamine)
 - Psychotherapy (e.g., cognitive behavioral therapy [CBT]) or psychological treatment for patients following attempted suicide or for their family members

- Combined medication and psychotherapy treatment for patients following attempted suicide or for their family members
- Complementary/integrative medicine for patients following attempted suicide or for their family members
- Social support group or peer support intervention for patients following attempted suicide or for their family members
- Respite care for family members of patients with attempted suicide
- Other (specify)
- Intervention description (content, format, provider/moderator, and expected/planned duration); target (person who attempted suicide, family member, or both)
- Intervention intensity: not intense intervention, (e.g., follow-up letter), neither intense or not intense, or moderate intensity (e.g., comprehensive program with multiple intervention components, different intervention angles or different intervention targets, such as patient and family/partner)
- Comparators: category/type (passive: treatment as usual, enhanced treatment as usual, placebo, waiting list; active: other type of intervention [see list of intervention types in prior list]) and description (content, format, provider/moderator, and expected/planned duration)
- Outcomes: Uptake outcomes (the proportion of participants who agreed to enroll in the intervention out of those who had the opportunity to enroll, the proportion of participants who completed the first session or other instance of the treatment out of those who agreed to enroll in treatment, the proportion of participants in the intervention group who completed each of the intervention's components), treatment-retention outcomes (the proportion of participants who complete the treatment and the average proportion of sessions completed), and effectiveness outcomes and unintended consequences (suicide-related effects: suicide, attempt, ideation, or self-harm; other effects: depressive symptoms, psychological distress, anxiety, health-related quality of life, psychosocial adjustment or functioning) at the last follow-up assessment. Uptake and treatment retention outcomes can be measured for the target of the intervention, which could be a person who attempted suicide, their family member, or both. Effectiveness and unintended consequences can be measured for the patient, family member, or both, even if only one of them was the target of the intervention
- Setting: country, setting of care (inpatient, outpatient, remote)
- Study design: RCT versus non-RCT versus pre-post study with historic or concurrent comparator versus cohort study, unit of analysis (for RCTs, whether randomization occurred at the patient, provider, or site level), items relevant to risk of bias assessment.

Publications reporting on the same study population were consolidated into one study record so that individual studies entered the analyses only once.

Data Analysis

Data on people who have attempted suicide were analyzed separately from data on their family members, in part because they may use unique measures (i.e., Suicidal Attitudes Scale,

the Suicidal Caring Ability Scale, and the Family Adaptability and Cohesion Evaluation Scale) and because the treatment goals differed.

Study results for the outcomes of interest were converted to effect sizes comparing the effect in the intervention group with the effects in a (passive) control or (active) comparator group. Effects of the intervention were compared with a concurrent control group where available. We consistently used the longest follow-up period that was reported for each included study. We document the point estimate for standardized mean differences (SMD) for continuous outcomes and relative risks (RR) with 95 percent confidence intervals (CI) for categorical outcomes.

For suicide-related and effectiveness outcomes, when possible, we performed meta-analysis to pool results across included studies and created forest plots for these meta-analyses. We used the Hartung-Knapp-Sidik-Jonkman method for random effects meta-analysis to accommodate analyses with only a small number of studies (Hartung, 1999; Hartung and Knapp, 2001; IntHout, Ioannidis, and Borm, 2014; Sidik and Jonkman, 2006). Meta-analyses are weighted by standard error, thereby placing more weight on studies that provide effect sizes that are more likely to be better estimates of the true value. Meta-analyses are not baseline adjusted because analyses across studies should cancel out individual study imbalances. Heterogeneity was assessed with the I² statistic. We differentiated *passive comparators* (e.g., no treatment) and *active comparators* (e.g., an alternative treatment) and analyzed these separately.

We conducted subgroup analyses and meta-regressions to address the subquestions of this systematic review. We used head-to-head comparisons of interventions where available but also indirectly compared studies in meta-regressions across studies. Head-to-head trials are ideally suited to assess the comparative effectiveness and safety of two competing interventions. However, in the absence of direct comparisons, we conducted indirect comparisons across studies. In indirect analyses, a study-level variable (e.g., study type) was added to the meta-analytic model (Hempel et al., 2013). The meta-analysis pooled across studies comparing the intervention effect relative to the control group for each study and assessed whether the presence or absence of the study-level variable affected the effect size of the study.

First, we assessed whether the effects varied by the *intensity* of the intervention, conducting meta-regressions to examine modification of the effects of interventions by their level of intensity (KQ1a, KQ2a).

Second, we assessed whether the effects vary by the *type* of intervention (KQ1b, KQ2b). Prior to conducting these analyses, we developed a broad framework of interventions that span the array of aftercare services provided to people who have attempted suicide and to their family members (see Table 3.1). We described results of comparisons of two active interventions where available (also see Table 3.3) and explored the effect of the intervention type in a metaregression indirectly across studies.

Third, we explored differences that are associated with the *target* of the intervention, i.e., whether the intervention targets both people who have attempted suicide and their family members versus only people who have attempted suicide (KQ1c) or only their family members

(KQ2c). We planned to compare interventions that targeted both people who have attempted suicide and their family members with those that target only people who have attempted suicide and those that target only family members. Fourth, we planned to examine variation of effects by the *population* studied to determine whether, for example, interventions have different effects in military and civilian populations (KQ1d, KQ2d).

We assessed publication bias across studies using the Begg (Begg and Mazumdar, 1994) and the Egger (Egger et al., 1997) test. Following any indication of publication bias, we applied the trim and fill method for an adjusted effect estimate as a sensitivity analysis (Duval and Tweedie, 2000). The adjusted effect estimates take hypothetical studies that are potentially missing from the analysis because of publication bias into account.

Risk of Bias

The two reviewers assessed the risk of bias of included studies using an adapted version of the Cochrane Risk of Bias tool (Higgins and Green, 2011) that accommodates a wide variety of study designs, including RCTs, nonrandomized trials, and studies that use historic and concurrent comparators. Specifically, the reviewers assessed risks of bias related to the following:

- Selection bias and confounding
 - Selection bias refers to systematic differences between baseline characteristics of the groups that are being compared. The risk is low in RCTs in which the trial investigator randomly assigns participants to the intervention and control group (assuming that the random sequence was correctly generated and allocation concealment was maintained). Most problematic are observational studies where participants self-select the intervention or exposure because the compared groups may differ in other characteristics even before the intervention is introduced. These characteristics or confounders are likely to influence any observed differences between the intervention and control group, but the direction of effect—for example, whether the intervention effect is likely to be inflated—is unclear.
- Performance bias
 - We evaluated whether the knowledge of the allocated intervention could have influenced the outcome. In a placebo trial, patients and their health care providers do not know whether they received the treatment or a placebo, and thus that knowledge cannot influence their behavior. Accordingly, the risk of performance bias is low. However, if people know that they are under observation, they may change their behavior (Hawthorne effect), in which case the risk of performance bias is high.

- Detection bias
 - We evaluated whether the outcome assessor or the method of outcome assessment could have been influenced by the participants and modified because of prior knowledge of the allocated intervention. In studies in which participants and/or outcome assessors were blind to the intervention allocation (placebo condition), detection bias will be determined to be low risk.
- Attrition bias
 - We evaluated incomplete outcome data and, in particular, imbalances in followup data and selective dropout that are likely to be associated with the intervention. *Attrition bias* is suspected when there are systematic differences between treatment groups (pre versus post, intervention versus control) in withdrawals from the study. Studies with no missing data and loss to follow up and studies reporting intention to treat data were considered to have low risk of bias.
- Other sources of bias
 - We captured any additional aspects that could potentially affect the validity of the reported results, such as industry funding in medication approaches.

For analytical purposes, we categorized each included study as having an overall low, moderate/unclear, or high risk of bias (good quality, fair, poor). The assessment was a qualitative judgment by an algorithm; the algorithm took into account the most important sources of bias for the study rather than scoring the number of points met mechanically. The rating was drafted by one literature reviewer and checked by a second experienced content expert.

Quality of Evidence

The quality of the body of evidence was assessed for the effect estimate of each outcome using the Grading of Recommendations Assessment, Development and Evaluation (GRADE) approach (Guyatt et al., 2008; Puhan et al., 2014; Salanti et al., 2014). This approach entails assessing eight domains related to a body of evidence. Five criteria may downgrade the quality of evidence: study limitations, indirectness, inconsistency, imprecision, and publication bias. Three domains may upgrade the quality of evidence: large effect size, the dose-response relationship, and plausible residual confounding would suggest a spurious effect. Using these assessments, we rated the evidence statements as falling into one of four categories:

- *High* indicates that we are very confident that an effect estimate lies close to the true effect for a given outcome because the body of evidence has few or no deficiencies. Therefore, we believe that the findings are stable: i.e., further research is very unlikely to change our confidence in the effect estimate.
- *Moderate* indicates that we are moderately confident that an effect estimate lies close to the true effect for a given outcome because the body of evidence has some deficiencies.

Therefore, we believe that the findings are likely to be stable, but further research may change our confidence in the effect estimate and may even change the estimate itself.

- *Low* indicates that we have limited confidence that an effect estimate lies close to the true effect for a given outcome because the body of evidence has major or numerous (or both) deficiencies. Therefore, we believe that additional evidence is needed before concluding either that the findings are stable or that the effect estimate lies close to the true effect.
- *Very low* indicates that we have very little confidence that an effect estimate lies close to the true effect for a given outcome because the body of evidence has very major deficiencies. Therefore, the true effect is likely to be substantially different from the estimated effect and thus any estimate of effect is very uncertain.

This chapter describes the identified literature and is organized by key question. The evidence table in Appendix B provides the details of the included studies.

Literature Flow

Database searches of published literature, screening trial registries, and reference mining of included RCTs and reviews resulted in 7,163 citations. In total, 1,144 publications were selected for full-text dual review. Of these, 73 individual studies in 129 published papers met the inclusion criteria and are included in this review (Ahn et al., 2020; Alavi et al., 2012; Alavi et al., 2013; Allard, Marshall, and Plante, 1992; Andreasson et al., 2016; Andreoli et al., 2016; Assistance Publique-Hôpitaux de Paris, 2013; Bateman and Fonagy, 2009; Bateman et al., 2016; Battaglia et al., 1999; Bergmans and Links, 2009; Bertolote et al., 2010; Brent et al., 2009; Brown et al., 2005; Burnand et al., 2017; Cebria et al., 2013; Cebria et al., 2015; Chan et al., 2011; Chen et al., 2012; Chen et al., 2013; Davis et al., 2009; Donaldson, Spirito, and Esposito-Smythers, 2005; Ducasse et al., 2018; Duke University and National Institute of Mental Health, 2016; Emory University, 2021; Emory University and National Institute of Mental Health, 2021; Ettlinger, 1975; Exbrayat et al., 2017; Fernandez-Artamendi et al., 2019; Fleischmann, 2002; Fleischmann et al., 2008; Fossi Djembi et al., 2020; Furuno et al., 2018; Gabilondo et al., 2019; Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2012; Ghahramanlou-Holloway, Cox, and Greene, 2012; Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; Gruat et al., 2010; Gysin-Maillart et al., 2016; Gysin-Maillart et al., 2017; Hassanzadeh et al., 2010; Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, 2018; Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine and National Alliance for Research on Schizophrenia and Depression, 2018; Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine and Congressionally Directed Medical Research Programs, 2018; Hirayasu et al., 2009; Hvid et al., 2011; Hvid and Wang, 2009; ISRCTN Registry, 2016; ISRCTN, 2016; Ivanoff, 1985; Japan Foundation for Neuroscience Mental Health and National Center of Neurology Psychiatry Japan, 2013; Johnson et al., 2018; Karver et al., 2008; Kaslow et al., 2010; Kato et al., 2012; Kawanishi et al., 2014; Kim et al., 2018; Kim et al., 2020; Kocmur, Dernovšek, and Tavčar, 1998; LaCroix, Perera, et al., 2018; LaCroix, Colborn, et al., 2018; Lahoz, Hvid, and Wang, 2016; Lauterbach et al., 2008; Liberman and Eckman, 1981; Lin et al., 2020; Linehan et al., 2015; LoParo et al., 2018; Marasinghe et al., 2012; Matsubara et al., 2019; McCauley et al., 2018; Mental Health Services in the Capital Region Denmark, Lundbeck Foundation, and University of Copenhagen, 2015; Michel, Valach, and Gysin-Maillart, 2017; Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie, 2005; Möller, 1989; Möller, 1992; Montgomery et al., 1994; Montgomery and Montgomery, 1982a;

Montgomery and Montgomery, 1982b; Montgomery et al., 1979; Mouaffak et al., 2015; Mousavi et al., 2014; Naidoo, Gathiram, and Schlebusch, 2014; New York State Psychiatric Institute and National Institute of Mental Health, 2020; Neely et al., 2013; O'Connor et al., 2017; O'Connor et al., 2015; Oquendo et al., 2011; Oquendo et al., 2012; Park et al., 2018; Patsiokas and Clum, 1985; Reijas et al., 2013; Rigshospitalet and Ministry of Social Affairs of Denmark, 2009; Rombold et al., 2014; Rotheram-Borus et al., 2000; Rotheram-Borus et al., 1996; Salkovskis, Atha, and Storer, 1990; Shen-Ing and National Science Council, Taiwan, 2008; Spirito et al., 2002; Stanley et al., 2009; Stewart et al., 2009; Sturm et al., 2012; Sun et al., 2014; Taha et al., 2015; Tepper et al., 2005; Tiihonen et al., 2006; Toffol et al., 2015; University Hospital Lille, 2015; University Hospital Lille, Regional Agency of Santé Nord-Pas-de-Calais and Région Nord-Pas-de-Calais France, 2020; University Hospital Montpellier, 2016; University Hospital Schleswig-Holstein, German Federal Ministry of Education and Research, Sanofi, Technische Universitat Dresden, University of Bonn, Charité University, and University of Erlangen-Nurnberg, 2007; University of Bern, 2016; University of Pennsylvania and National Institute of Mental Health, 2014; University of Washington, 2015; University of Washington and National Institute of Mental Health, 2012; University of Washington, Seattle Children's Hospital, University of California Los Angeles, and National Institute of Mental Health, 2016; Vaiva et al., 2018; Vaiva et al., 2006; Van der Buskens and van der Graaf, 1998; van der Sande et al., 1997; Verkes et al., 1998; Vitiello et al., 2009; Wang et al., 2016; Wei et al., 2013; Welu, 1977; Welu and Picard, 1974; World Health Organization and Fundação de Amparo á Pesquisa do Estado de São Paulo, Medical Research Council, Mental Health Research Centre, and Estonian Health Research Fund, 2007; Xu et al., 2012; Yamada et al., 2012; Zhang et al., 2013).

The results of literature searches and inclusion screening decisions are documented in a literature flow diagram (see Figure 3.1).





Included Studies

The included studies are detailed in the evidence tables in Appendix B. The majority of studies (n = 47) were published in the past decade. The earliest included study was published in 1975 (Ettlinger, 1975).

Design

The analytic dataset included 52 RCTs, 18 controlled studies, and three pre-post studies. All RCTs randomized individual participants. Study sizes ranged from nine participants in inpatient treatment (Ivanoff, 1985) to 1,867 in a large-scale intervention (Fleischmann et al., 2008).

Setting

Five studies involved interventions that were delivered in the emergency department at the time of the suicide attempt (Burnand et al., 2017; Fleischmann et al., 2008; Lahoz, Hvid, and

Wang, 2016; Mousavi et al., 2014; Rotheram-Borus et al., 2000). Seven studies reported on interventions that were delivered in an inpatient setting (Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; Ivanoff, 1985; LaCroix, Colborn et al., 2018; Liberman and Eckman, 1981; O'Connor et al., 2017; O'Connor et al., 2015; van der Sande et al., 1997).

Twenty-two studies were deemed *other*; this category primarily included mixed modes of contact through case management (telephone and at-home visits) or through an intervention that was delivered in the emergency department and was followed by outpatient treatment. Nine of the studies evaluated an intervention that was delivered remotely by telephone, and 32 studies were delivered in outpatient care. Of those, 13 studies evaluated individual psychotherapy and nine studies evaluated pharmacotherapy; the remainder evaluated support groups; a buddy (peer) intervention; and any combination of support, psychotherapy, psychoeducation, medication, or behavioral therapy. We classified interventions as *remote* when all contact was by telephone or mail.

Participants

Sixty-seven studies addressed civilian individuals who attempted suicide. One study examined only U.S. service members (LaCroix, Colborn et al., 2018), and one study included U.S. service members and their adult beneficiaries (Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018). Participant ages ranged from adolescents (12–17) up to one study of participants aged 65 and older in China (Chan et al., 2011). Participants were largely female; in seven studies, male participants made up more than half of the study sample (Bateman et al., 2016; Battaglia et al., 1999; Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; Kato et al., 2012; Kocmur, Dernovšek, and Tavčar, 1998; LaCroix, Colborn et al., 2018; O'Connor et al., 2015). Gender was not reported in eight studies.

Five studies included family members, each alongside a suicide attempter (Alavi et al., 2013; McCauley et al., 2018; Rotheram-Borus et al., 2000; Naidoo, Gathiram, and Schlebusch, 2014; Ahn et al., 2020). Three studies included mothers who had been present for an intervention delivered in the emergency room. One study (Alavi et al., 2013) included the option of family member participation in the first session of cognitive behavioral therapy, and in a study of dialectical behavioral therapy for adolescents, parents were seen individually in the first session and offered more family sessions (McCauley et al., 2018). In both those studies, parental outcomes were not assessed.

Two studies intervened directly with family members of suicide attempters and did not involve the person who attempted suicide in the evaluation (Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie, 2005; Sun et al., 2014).

Interventions

Table 3.1 provides an overview of the included interventions: psychotherapy; medication; outreach; psychoeducation and case management; and prevention, screening, or other

interventions. Twenty-three studies evaluated psychotherapy interventions, such as cognitive therapy, skills-based treatment, cognitive behavioral problem-solving, behavior therapy, and dialectical behavior therapy. Eleven studies evaluated the impact of medication following a suicide attempt. Twenty-three of the included studies involved some degree of psychoeducation and case management. Case management interventions were not well-specified. Studies reported the parameters of case management (some number of telephone or in-home visits over a specified period).

The one intervention categorized as *prevention* involved training family and friends of the individual who made a suicide attempt (Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie, 2005). Two studies categorized as *screening* relied on telephone follow-up at regular intervals to assess suicide risk, (Exbrayat et al., 2017; Mouaffak et al., 2015). One study evaluated a social support group (Bergmans and Links, 2009). The remaining studies, which were categorized as *other*, included a hiking intervention (Sturm et al., 2012) and an unspecified combination of therapeutic approaches (Allard, Marshall, and Plante, 1992).

	Number					
Intervention	01 Studios	Specific Intervention				
Develothorapy		Specific intervention				
гзуспошегару	23	Apandonment psycholinerapy				
		Acceptance and commitment therapy				
		Benavior therapy Drief cognitive boost neuroboosticl intervention				
		Briel cognitive-based psychosocial intervention				
		Cognitive behavioral problem solving				
		Cognitive benavioral therapy Operative products of the sector o				
		Cognitive restructuring				
		Cognitive Inerapy Cognitive Record Companying				
		Cognitive-Based Compassion Training				
		Crisis support and motivation for treatment compliance Dide title that evident theorem (DDT)				
		Dialectical behavior therapy (DBT)				
		 Mentalization-based treatment that integrates cognitive, psychodynamic and relational community. 				
		Skills-based treatment				
Ma dia ati an		Systematic desensitization for distress tolerance				
wedication	11	• Fluoxetine				
		Flupenthixol				
		Fluphenazine				
		• Lithium				
		Mianserin				
		Paroxetine				
		I andospirone				
Outreach	8	Telephone follow-up contact				
		Brief contact, including crisis cards and phone calls				
		Brief contact intervention				
Psychoeducation	23	 Attempted Suicide Short Intervention Program (ASSIP) 				
and case		Nurse case management				
management		Suicide education intervention				
		 Grady Nia empowerment project 				
		Brief education intervention				
		Assertive case management				
		Case management				
		Buddy intervention				
		Compliance enhancement				
Prevention,	7	Hiking				
screening, or		 Any unspecified combination of therapeutic support 				
other		Training for family and friends				
		Telephone follow-up assessment				
		Social support group				

Table 3.1. Table of Included Interventions

In our rating of the intensity of interventions, psychotherapeutic interventions were rated as intense, case management and medication studies were rated as *moderate*, and postcards as outreach were considered *not intense*. Among the 52 RCTs, 18 evaluated an intense intervention, 32 studies evaluated moderate interventions, and two of the RCTs' interventions were categorized as not intense (O'Connor et al., 2017; Vaiva et al., 2018).

Comparators

Almost half of the included studies (n = 37) compared an active treatment intervention with treatment as usual or enhanced treatment as usual. Typically, it is the research assessments and interaction with researchers that prompts the addition of the term *enhanced* to usual care or treatment as usual. Eight studies had no control group (Andreasson et al., 2016; Battaglia et al., 1999; Bergmans and Links, 2009; Donaldson, Spirito, and Esposito-Smythers, 2005; Ducasse et al., 2018; Linehan et al., 2015; Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie, 2005; Vitiello et al., 2009). One study compared its intervention with a waitlist control (Alavi et al., 2013). Thirty of the 52 RCTs relied on a treatment-as-usual control group, and six of the RCTs compared two active treatments (Andreasson et al., 2016; Battaglia et al., 1999; Donaldson, Spirito, and Esposito-Smythers, 2005; Ducasse et al., 2018; Linehan et al., 2016; Battaglia et al., 1999; Donaldson, Spirito, and Esposito-Smythers, 2005; Ducasse et al., 2016; Battaglia et al., 2016; Battaglia et al., 2019).

Outcomes

The majority of studies reported on suicide attempts, followed by studies reporting a depression measure. In most cases, studies reported the number of participants who had attempted suicide again during the study follow-up period. Study follow-up periods ranged from one month (n = 3; O'Connor et al., 2015; Kato et al., 2012; Patsiokas and Clum, 1985) to five years (Cebria et al., 2015; Ettlinger, 1975; Kawanishi et al., 2014; Lahoz, Hvid, and Wang, 2016). Thirty-six studies reported on follow-up periods at least one year after the intervention.

In some cases, studies also reported on the number of suicide deaths. The most common measures used for mental health assessments are shown in Table 3.2.

Measure Type	Measure Name			
Depression	 Beck Depression Inventory (I and II) Carroll Rating Scale for Depression Center for Epidemiologic Studies—Depression Scale Hamilton Rating Scale of Depression—17-item (HAM-D17) Hamilton Depression Rating Scale—24-item (HAMD) Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory Depression Scale Montgomery and Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) Zung Depression Scale 			
Hopelessness	Beck Hopelessness ScaleHopelessness Scale for Children			
Quality of Life	 World Health Organization Quality of Life Measure Satisfaction with Life Scale 			

Table 3	.2. List	of Scale	Measures	of	Effectiveness
i able 5	.Z. LISI	UI Scale	ivieasures	UI	Ellectivelless

Details about the included studies can be found in Table B.1 in Appendix B.

Risk of Bias Results

The risk of bias assessment across studies is shown in Figure 3.2.



Figure 3.2. Risk of Bias

Overall, 19 studies were judged to be poor quality, 20 studies were judged to be fair quality, and 47 percent of our included studies were judged to be good quality. Less than half of the studies were considered to have a low risk of detection bias, which is reflective of challenges of blinding participants and research staff to treatment conditions. Half of the studies were judged to be at a low risk of a selection bias. Fourteen studies were judged to be at high risk of selection bias, 13 had a high risk of performance bias, three studies had a high risk of detection bias, nine studies had a high risk of attrition bias, and ten studies had a high risk of *other bias*, typically due to using small sample sizes and insufficient statistical power.

KQ1. What Is the Effect of Aftercare Interventions on Uptake, Retention, Effectiveness Measures, and Unintended Consequences for People Who Have Attempted Suicide?

In this section, we present the outcomes of interest in order of importance. All main analyses compare the effects of the suicide aftercare intervention with a control group. Comparisons between two active interventions are reported in the sections KQ1a and KQ1b.

Suicide Attempt

Our primary outcome of suicide attempt was reported in the majority of studies, and we calculated the relative risk in the intervention compared with a control group. All studies comparing with a control group are shown in Figure 3.3.

Figure 3.3. Effect on Suicide Attempts



SOURCES: Allard, Marshall, and Plante, 1992; Brown et al., 2005; Burnand et al., 2017; Cebria et al., 2015; Ettlinger, 1975; Exbrayat et al., 2017; Gabilondo et al., 2020; Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; Gysin-Maillart et al., 2016; Hassanzadeh et al., 2010; Hvid et al., 2011; Kawanishi et al., 2014; LaCroix, Perera, et al., 2018; Lahoz, Hvid, and Wang, 2016; Lauterbach et al., 2008; Lin et al., 2020; Möller, 1992; Montgomery et al., 1994; Montgomery and Montgomery, 1982a; Mouaffak et al., 2015; Mousavi et al., 2014; Naidoo Gathiram, and Schlebusch, 2014; Reijas et al., 2013; Rotheram-Borus et al., 2000; Vaiva et al., 2018; Vaiva et al., 2006; van der Sande et al., 1997; Verkes et al., 1998; Wei et al., 2013; Welu, 1977; Xu et al., 2012.

Interventions showed a statistically significant reduction in suicide attempts (RR 0.78; CI 0.67, 0.91; 33 studies). Observed heterogeneity was negligible (I² 47 percent). We found some evidence of publication bias (Begg test p = 0.02, Egger p = 0.06). As a sensitivity analysis, we applied the trim-and-fill method for adjusted effect estimates that added four hypothetical studies and found the effect on suicide attempts remains significant (RR 0.82; CI 0.71, 0.95). In a further sensitivity analysis, we restricted to the 26 RCTs that reported on outcomes and found the effect to be robust (RR 0.67; CI 0.62, 0.94; 26 RCTs). An investigation of RCTs with good risk of bias summary ratings provides some context for how small these effects are at the study level. For instance, Kawanishi et al. (2014) randomized 914 participants and found no significant

difference in incidence of first recurrent suicide attempt between the assertive case management group and the enhanced usual care group. Vaiva et al. (2006) randomized 605 individuals to receive telephone outreach following a suicide attempt and found no differences in the number of subsequent suicide attempts between the outreach and usual care groups. In another study, Vaiva and colleagues (2018) randomized 1,040 patients to receive a brief contact intervention and found no significant differences between the active and control groups. A further study randomized 320 patients to an outreach intervention or usual care and found no statistically significant differences in subsequent suicide attempts between the two groups (Mouaffak et al., 2015).

Three studies could not be added because they reported suicide attempts as a continuous variable—such as the mean number of attempts—in the samples. The effect estimate across studies was not statistically significant (SMD 0.46; CI –0.03, 0.95; 3 studies). Chen (2013) measured the amount of time to subsequent suicide attempt and found no statistically significant differences between active and control groups following their crisis postcard intervention (hazard ratio 0.84 [CI 0.56, 1.29]) (Chen et al., 2013).

Suicide Death

Sixteen studies that included a control group reported on suicide death as a categorical outcome as shown in Figure 3.4.



Figure 3.4. Effect on Suicide Death

SOURCES: Allard, Marshall, and Plante, 1992; Cebria et al., 2015; Chan et al., 2011; Ettlinger, 1975; Fleischmann et al., 2008; Gysin-Maillart et al., 2016; Hassanzadeh et al., 2010; Kawanishi et al., 2014; Kim et al., 2020; Lauterbach et al., 2008; Möller, 1992; Naidoo, Gathiram, and Schlebusch, 2014; O'Connor et al., 2017; Vaiva et al., 2018; Vaiva et al., 2006; Xu et al., 2012.

Across studies, we found a significant reduction of the number of suicide deaths associated with the suicide aftercare intervention (RR 0.71; CI 0.50, 0.99; 16 studies). Heterogeneity was negligible (I² 17 percent), and we found no evidence of publication bias (Begg test p = 0.45, Egger test p = 0.09). A sensitivity analysis restricting to only RCTs showed a similar effect estimate; however, the effect was no longer statistically significant (RR 0.65; CI 0.39, 1.10; 12 RCTs).

Self-Harm

Studies reporting on self-harm are shown in Figure 3.5.



Figure 3.5. Effect on Self-Harm

SOURCES: Kawanishi et al., 2014; O'Connor et al., 2017; Welu, 1977.

For each individual study and across the studies, we found no effect on the risk of engaging in self-harm (RR 1.01; CI 0.62, 1.63; 3 studies). There were too few studies for further analyses.

Suicidal Ideation

Several studies reported on suicidal ideation. Figure 3.6 shows all studies reporting on a continuous outcome expressed as measure-independent standardized mean difference (SMD).



Figure 3.6. Effect on Suicide Ideation

SOURCES: Alavi et al., 2013; Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; Kaslow et al., 2010; LaCroix, Perera et al., 2018; LoParo et al., 2018; Marasinghe et al., 2012; Patsiokas and Clum, 1985; Sturm et al., 2012; Wang et al., 2016.

The pooled analysis indicated a reduction, but the effect was not statistically significant (SMD -0.61; CI -1.27, 0.66; 9 studies). The analysis detected heterogeneity (I² 78 percent). After removing an outlier (Alavi et al., 2013), the effect was statistically significant (SMD -0.42; CI -0.80, -0.04; 8 studies).

In addition, five studies reported on suicidal ideation as a categorical outcome, i.e., the number of participants who reported suicide ideation. Studies showed a reduction, but the effect was not statistically significant (RR 0.55; CI 0.23, 1.32; 5 studies).

Depression

Seventeen studies with a control group reported depression as a continuous outcome measure, as illustrated in Figure 3.7.



SOURCES: Alavi et al., 2013; Bergmans and Links, 2009; Brown et al., 2005; Burnand et al., 2017; Fernández-Artamendi et al., 2019; Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; Kaslow et al., 2010; Kato et al., 2012; LaCroix, Perera et al., 2018; LoParo et al., 2018; Marasinghe et al., 2012; Möller, 1992; Sturm et al., 2012; van der Sande et al., 1997; Verkes et al., 1998; Wei et al., 2013; Xu et al., 2012.

The pooled analysis across studies and outcomes indicated a statistically significant treatment effect of the interventions on measures of depression (SMD –0.32; CI –0.57, –0.06; 17 studies). The analysis detected some heterogeneity (I² 67 percent), but there was no evidence of publication bias (Begg test p = 0.31, Egger test p = 0.07). We conducted a sensitivity analysis to assess the impact of one outlier (Alavi et al., 2013). We found the effect remained statistically significant (SMD –0.25; CI –0.39, –0.10), i.e., was not driven primarily by the outlier. A sensitivity analysis restricting the analysis to the RCTs only resulted in the same point estimate, but the effect was no longer statistically significant (SMD –31; CI –0.63, 0.02; 14 RCTs).

Hopelessness

Ten studies included a control group and reported on hopelessness as an outcome, as shown

in Figure 3.8.



Figure 3.8. Effect on Hopelessness

SOURCES: Alavi et al., 2013; Bergmans and Links, 2009; Brown et al., 2005; Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; LaCroix, Perera et al., 2018; Patsiokas and Clum, 1985; Sturm et al., 2012; van der Sande et al., 1997; Verkes et al., 1998; Wang et al., 2016.

Across studies, we found a significant reduction in depression scores associated with the suicide aftercare intervention (SMD –0.42; CI –0.78, –0.05; 10 studies). We detected heterogeneity (I² 61 percent), but there was no evidence of publication bias (Begg test p = 0.11, Egger test p = 0.10). The effect remained significant when we removed the outlier from this analysis (Alavi et al., 2013) and was not driven primarily by the individual study (SMD –0.27; CI –0.42, –0.13). However, a sensitivity analysis restricting the analysis to RCTs only showed that the effect was not statistically significant anymore, despite the similar point estimate (SMD –0.43; CI –0.86, 0.01; 9 RCTs).

Quality of Life

The two studies that included a control group and reported on quality of life as an outcome
(Möller, 1992; van der Sande et al., 1997) did not show a statistically significant effect (SMD –0.10; CI –0.92, 0.73; two RCTs).

Uptake

In total, 46 studies reported on at least one uptake outcome. The modal uptake variable was the number of people who accepted the intervention. Across studies, intervention uptake ranged from a low of 24 percent (Lauterbach et al., 2008) to a high of 100 percent (Ivanoff, 1985). Across all studies that reported intervention uptake, we found an overall uptake rate of 84 percent (59,549 participants out of a total of 71,087 accepted an intervention).

Reasons for the lack of uptake included, for example, refusals of the intervention or the fact that participants could not be reached. In one study (Lin et al., 2020), authors reported that of 72 participants assigned to the intervention group, 18 (25 percent) refused the intervention, 17 (24 percent) could not be reached; and 37 (51 percent) patients received at least one session of intervention; there was a mean of 5.92 therapy sessions, which included a mean of 2.11 face-to-face sessions and 3.81 telephone sessions.

Retention

Half of the included studies (n = 34) reported at least one retention outcome, typically in the form of counts of dropouts, the number of participants who completed the intervention, and the number of participants available at the final follow-up. Retention results ranged from a 34 percent completion rate (Stewart et al., 2009) in a study in which only 11 out of 32 patients completed manualized psychotherapy (problem-solving or CBT) to a 96 percent retention rate (Naidoo, Gathiram, and Schlebusch, 2014) in a study that reported on 344 participants with only 13 dropouts; the study relied on high-frequency contacts by either a researcher or an identified "buddy" in the buddy intervention (at weeks 1, 2, 4, 7, and 11, and months 4, 6, 12, and 18).

Unintended Consequences

Only three studies reported adverse events, and all were medication studies. Verkes et al. (1998) reported delayed orgasm (paroxetine 9, placebo 0; p = 0.003), diarrhea (paroxetine 10, placebo 1; p = 0.007), tremor (paroxetine 8, placebo 1; p = 0.03), and substantial ecchymoses (paroxetine 2, placebo 0). Kocmur, Dernovšek, and Tavčar (1998) reported that adverse events were, on average, either absent or mild, and in a trial comparing lithium to valproate, Oquendo et al. (2011) reported pregnancy (n = 2), skin rash (n = 1), hand tremor (n = 1), and gunshot wound, not self-inflicted (n = 1). In most other research, suicide attempts may be considered an adverse event suicide, suicide attempts are our primary outcome.

KQ 1a. Do the Effects Vary by the Intensity of the Intervention?

We assessed whether our primary outcome—suicide attempts—varied by the intensity of the intervention in an indirect comparison across studies by adding the variable to the meta-analysis model in a meta-regression. We found no indication of a systematic difference in treatment effects reported across studies based on the intensity of the intervention (p = 0.72); this indicated, for example, that more-intense interventions are likely to result in better treatment effects.

We identified two studies that compared two active treatments of different intensities. One RCT (Battaglia et al., 1999) compared low and ultra-low doses of fluphenazine and did not find a statistically significantly greater effect of the low dose over the ultra-low dose for self-harm behaviors. One study (Linehan et al., 2015) compared dialectical behavioral therapy with and without individual therapy sessions and did not find a significant difference in the effect on suicide outcomes (SMD 0.46; CI -0.03, 0.95; one study).

KQ 1b. Do the Effects Vary by the Type of Intervention (e.g., Psychotherapy, Pharmacotherapy, Caring Contact Interventions)?

We assessed whether reported effects varied by type of intervention in studies, both in direct and indirect comparisons.

Direct Comparisons

Twenty-one identified studies in total compared two active treatments, nine of which reported on suicide attempts. Table 3.3 provides an overview of the studies together with their effects on the primary outcome suicide attempts.

Table 3.3	3. Active	Comparators
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Study and	Intervention	Comparator	Effect on Suicide Attempts
Andreasson	Psychotherapy: Dialectical behavior therapy	Psychotherapy: Collaborative Assessment	RR 2 15
2016		and Management of Suicidality (CAMS)	CL 0.81
RCT	DBT was offered as a 16-week	CAMS treatment is an overall process	5.68
1.01	treatment course, which consisted of	of clinical assessment treatment	0.00
	one individual session (one hour) and	planning and management of	
	one group session (two hours) weekly	outpatient suicidal risk. The duration of	
	delivered by DBT therapists.	treatment could vary but lasted a	
	Target: Person who attempted suicide	maximum of 16 weeks.	
		 Target: Person who attempted suicide 	
Bateman,	Psychotherapy: Mentalization-based	Social support group	RR 0.10; CI
2016	treatment that integrated cognitive,	Weekly individual and group sessions	0.01, 1.76
RCT	psychodynamic, and relational components	of counseling provided by nonspecialist	
	Mentalization-based treatment (weekly	practitioners with appointments every	
	combined individual and group	three months for psychiatric review.	
	psychotherapy provided by two	 Target: Person who attempted suicide 	
	different therapists for 18 months).		
D (1)	Target: Person who attempted suicide		
Battaglia,	Medication: Fluphenazine	Pharmacological treatment: Fluphenazine	N/A
1999	Once-monthly low dose (12.5mg) of	Ultra-low dose (1.5mg) of	
RUI	Intramuscular injections of	Intramuscular flupennazine once	
	Torget: Derson who attempted quiside	Torrati Derson who attempted aviside	
Chap. 2012	Target. Person who attempted suicide	Target. Person who altempted suicide	NI/A
PCT	- Received individualized arisis postcard	Oller.	IN/A
1.01	• Received individualized clisis posicard	Order three months (including	
	management. Crisis postcards	psychological support proper coping	
	included two components: individual	strategies, follow-ups to increase	
	coping strategies and resources. Case	adherence to the referrals provided for	
	management included psychological	psychiatric treatment, and coordination	
	support, proper coping strategies,	of social resources and brief crisis	
	follow-ups to increase adherence to	intervention if needed).	
	the referrals provided for psychiatric	 Target: Person who attempted suicide 	
	treatment, and coordination of social		
	resources and brief crisis intervention if		
	needed.		
Donaldson	Target. Person who altempted suicide	Social support group	NI/A
2005	SPT tought offective problem solving	This treatment was supportive in	IN/A
RCT	 SBT laught ellective problem-solving and cognitive and behavioral strategies 	 This treatment was supportive in nature and focused the participant's 	
	for affect management (e.g. cognitive	mood and behavior as well as factors	
	restructuring, relaxation). Each session	that contribute to adolescent suicidal	
	included an assessment of suicidality.	behavior. Sessions were unstructured	
	skill education, and skill practice.	and addressed reported symptoms and	
	Active sessions were administered	problems.	
	over three months, and maintenance	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	sessions included three monthly		
	sessions.		
	Iarget: Person who attempted suicide and their family member(a)		
Duogaa	And their family member(s)	Standardized relevation program consisting	
2017	Commitment Therapy	of seven two-hour weekly sessions	IN/A
RCT	 Seven weekly two-bour sessions of 	 A standardized relevation program 	
	Acceptance and Commitment Therapy	consisting of seven two-hour weekly	
	provided by two therapists.	sessions.	
	Target: Person who attempted suicide	Target: Person who attempted suicide	

Jossyn Fernander, Artamend, 2019 Psychoeducation method prevention of suidal behavior and active case management Case management active case management N/A Controlled study Psychoeducational program (an exclusional program willib based therapy for seven consentity days provided boreasing the patient's study Psychoetucational program (an exclusional program willib based therapy for seven consentity days provided boreasing the patient's study Psychoetucational program (an exclusional program willib based therapy for seven consentity days provided boreasing the patient's study Psychoetucational program (an exclusional program (an exclusional program (an exclusional program (an exclusional program (an exclusional program (an exclusional program (an exclusion pro	Study and	Intervention	Comparator	Effect on Suicide
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Not Performational description of the response o	RCT	One-hour individual session each day	for seven consecutive days provided	
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with situations that produce intolerable distress. Target: Person who attempted suicide Target: Person who attempted suicide Johnson, RCT Psychotherapy Social support group N/A RCT Psychotherapy Social support group N/A RCT Target: Person who attempted suicide Parmacological treatment: Miltrazpine, setsions and do not include any essions and indepressants N/A Weaking in the participant and therapy is four hours of behavior therapy in anxiety management training, and five hours of family negotiation and contingency contracting, anceded between-session telephone coaching. Treatment lasts for a year. Psychotherapy RR 1; CI 0.07, 14.21 Linehan, RCT Psychotherapy Psychotherapy SMD 0.46; Conpassion Training (GBCT) sessions that incorporate the standard meditative practices of developing focused/sustained attention and mindfulness as precursors to using meditative practices of developing focused/sustained attention and mindfulness as precursors to using meditative concentration for the compassionate analysis of oneself and others. Social support group N/A NCCauley. Psycho		increasing the patient's ability to cope	problem-solving skills	
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RCT Training (including six sessions of weekly meditation practice) sessions and do not include any meditation. RCT Target: Person who attempted suicide sessions and do not include any medication. N/A Kato, 2012 Controlled study Medication: Tandospirone combination therapy Target: Person who attempted suicide Pharmacological treatment: Mirtazpine, seraline, on fluvoxamine) N/A Cantrolled study Target: Person who attempted suicide Pharmacological treatment: Mirtazpine, seraline, or fluvoxamine) N/A Liberman, 1981 Psychotherapy: Behavior therapy over eight days provided by a psychologist, including 17 hours of social skills training, enh ours of anxiety management training, and five hours of family negotiation and contingency contracting. Psychotherapy SMD 0.46; CI –0.03, 0.95 Linehan, 2015 Psychotherapy: group skills traindividual therapy, group skills training, therapist consultation team, and as- needed between-session telephone coaching. Treatment lasts for a year. Psychotherapy: Cognitively-Based Compassions training (CBCT) Social support group sessions that incorporate the standard meditative practices of developing focused/sustained attention and others. Social support group sessions hat incorporate the standard meditative practices of developing focused/sustained attention for the compassionate analysis of oneself and others. Social support Cleint-centered supportive therapy. N/A McCauley, 2018 Psychotherapy: DBT Psychotherapy: Cleint-centered supportive therapy. Psychotherapy: Cleint-centered supportive therapy.	2018	Cognitively-Based Compassion	90-minute unstructured support group	
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Study and Design	Intervention	Comparator	Effect on Suicide Attempts
Moller, 1992 RCT	 training, youth and parent telephone coaching, and weekly therapist team consultation for six months. Parents of patients were seen individually in session one and offered seven or more family sessions. Target: Person who attempted suicide Psychotherapy: Crisis support and motivation for treatment compliance Twelve sessions of ambulatory short-term psychotherapy over three months that was provided by the clinician who had already been in charge of the patient in the hospital, with additional motivational efforts to increase compliance. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	 Individual and group supportive therapy included individual sessions, adolescent supportive group therapy, as-needed parent sessions (≤ seven sessions), and weekly therapist team consultation for six months. Target: Person who attempted suicide Psychotherapy: Non-specific, predominantly psychodynamic Immediate crisis intervention (three sessions) and subsequent referral to special suicide-prevention services. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	RR 1.02; CI 0.45, 2.31
Naidoo, 2014 RCT	 Psychoeducation: Buddy intervention One one-hour session of individual psychotherapy and information-sharing as close to the time of discharge as possible, aimed at education and increasing awareness of available resources; participants nominated "buddies" who were trained in three workshops, each lasting four hours, to provide basic counseling and facilitate specialized referral if required. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	 Counseling with psychotherapy and information-sharing Participants in the control group were followed up to assess their personal well-being, further suicidal attempts, and need for medical or specialist assistance. This included counseling similar to that conducted in the experimental arm. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	N/A
Oquendo, 2011 RCT	 Medication: Lithium Lithium plus adjunctive medications for depression and/or psychosis 	 Pharmacological treatment: Valproate Valproate plus adjunctive medications for depression and/or psychosis 	RR 0.78; Cl 0.29, 2.08
Patsiokas, 1985 RCT	 Target: Person who attempted suicide Psychotherapy: Cognitive restructuring Ten one-hour sessions conducted over three weeks to identify cognitions, distortions, and related strategies. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	 Target: Person who attempted suicide Psychotherapy: Problem-solving therapy Ten sessions of problem-solving psychotherapy. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	N/A
Stewart, 2009 RCT	 Psychotherapy: CBT Seven weekly one-hour sessions of CBT, administered by the researcher. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	 Problem-solving therapy Four weekly one-hour sessions of problem-solving therapy, administered by the researcher; this provides participants with skills to find more positive solutions to stressors, feel less hopeless, and choose solutions other than suicide. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	RR 0.65; CI 0.02, 19.95
Vitiello, 2009 Controlled study	 Psychotherapy: CBT Six months of up to 22 sessions of manualized CBT with a focus on suicide prevention, including both individual and parent-youth sessions, and antidepressant pharmacotherapy. Target: Person who attempted suicide and their family member(s) 	 Pharmacological treatment: Antidepressant Antidepressant pharmacotherapy, monotherapy with SSRI, followed in case of nonresponse by a different SSRI, and alternate class as step three with the option of augmenting with lithium or other antidepressants. Target: Person who attempted suicide 	N/A
Wei, 2013 RCT	 Psychotherapy: Cognitive therapy Cognitive therapy (ten 45- to 60-minute individual therapy sessions provided by 	 Telephone support Telephone intervention (12 weekly phone calls of 20–40 minutes provided 	RR 0.98; Cl 0.06, 15.33

Study and Design	Intervention	Comparator	Effect on Suicide Attempts
	 a psychotherapist on a weekly, biweekly, or as needed basis over three months) Target: Person who attempted suicide 	by professors providing support and advice over three months).Target: Person who attempted suicide	

Three studies compared two active medications, one of which has been described in section KQ1a. Another RCT (Oquendo et al., 2011) reported a significant effect of Lithium plus adjunctive medications for depression and/or psychosis when compared with Valproate plus adjunctive medications for depression and/or psychosis, but the study found no statistically significant difference between these interventions (RR 0.78; CI 0.29, 2.08).

Three studies compared psychoeducation with active case management: Two studies reported no significant differences in the number of suicide reattempts (Fernandez-Artamendi et al., 2019) or the time to suicide re-attempt (Chen et al., 2013), and the third study found a significant treatment effect of a buddy training intervention on subsequent suicide attempts (Naidoo, Gathiram, and Schlebusch, 2014).

One study (Andreasson et al., 2016) compared dialectical behavioral therapy with a treatment protocol that focused on clinical assessment, treatment planning, and management of outpatient suicidal risk; the authors reported a significant reduction of suicide attempts favoring DBT (RR 2.15; CI 0.81; 5.68). Another study (Linehan et al., 2015) comparing dialectical behavioral therapy with and without individual therapy sessions did not find a significant difference as described in KQ1. One study (McCauley et al., 2018) reported that DBT was significantly more effective than client-centered individual and group supportive therapy (RR 0.68; CI 0.22, 2.12; 1 study) even though the latter involved family members in the supportive therapy.

Because the effect of an intervention depends also on what it is compared with, additional meta-analysis of this set of studies was not possible because studies could not be meaningfully combined.

Indirect Comparisons

We found no systematic difference in treatment effects reported in studies that evaluated medication (p = 0.84), outreach (p = 0.37), psychoeducation (p = 0.70), psychotherapy (p = 0.60), screening (p = 0.68), or other (p = 0.99). None of the intervention subgroups reported systematically higher or lower effects than other interventions. However, the analysis uses an indirect comparison across studies rather than head-to-head comparisons of interventions within studies and, accordingly, it must be interpreted with caution.

KQ 1c. Do the Effects Vary by Intervention Target (e.g., Interventions That Target Both Patients and Family Members Versus Interventions That Target Only Patients?)

We identified three studies that included family members in the intervention (Alavi et al., 2013; McCauley et al., 2018; Rotheram-Borus et al., 2000) that targeted the adolescent who had attempted suicide. Rotheram-Borus et al. (2000) reported improvements in maternal distress and family adaptability. McCauley et al. (2018) conducted an RCT with 173 adolescent participants, each of whom had a parent, to compare DBT with individual and group supportive therapy; they reported significant treatment effects relevant to subsequent suicide attempts (there were no subsequent suicide attempts for 90 percent of those receiving DBT versus 79 percent receiving supportive therapy; odds ratio [OR] 0.30; CI 0.10, 0.91). A further study by Alavi et al. (2013) included family skills training with CBT compared with a waitlist for the treatment of depressed adolescents ages 12 to 18; they found significant reductions on measures of depression, hopelessness, and suicidal ideation associated with the intervention.

Two studies provided suicide-related education to friends and family members of those who had attempted suicide and assessed outcomes in these individuals, such as caregiver stress and depression (Sun et al., 2014; Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie, 2005); each reported some benefit to the friend or family member; however, we were unable to analyze these studies together because of the differences in reported outcomes.

KQ 1d. Do the Effects Vary by Population (e.g., Military Versus Civilian)?

We could not explore fully the effects of the population characteristics because of a lack of identified variety in included studies. We identified just two studies in military personnel (Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; LaCroix, Colborn et al., 2018). Both evaluated Post-Admission Cognitive Therapy (PACT), an intervention of six 60- to 90-minute CBT sessions provided over three days in an inpatient setting. The studies enrolled a total of 60 participants, who were mostly male service members, and compared PACT with enhanced usual care. Neither study found a significant treatment effect on subsequent suicide attempts, although sample sizes were small; both studies reported clinically significant improvements in depression, hopelessness, and posttraumatic stress disorder symptoms (Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; LaCroix, Colborn et al., 2018).

KQ2. What Is the Effect of Aftercare Interventions on Uptake, Retention, Effectiveness Measures, and Unintended Consequences for the Family Members of People Who Have Attempted Suicide?

We identified only two suicide aftercare studies (Sun et al., 2014; Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie, 2005) that reported solely on family member outcomes. None of the identified studies

evaluated an intervention that addressed both the person who had attempted suicide and their family members and reported data for both groups.

We were unable to pool results across studies because neither study reported on the same outcome. Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie (2005) offered four different support options to family and friends of men who had attempted suicide and found the acceptance rate (i.e., uptake) was between 32 and 52 percent. The authors reported that participants experienced reduced distress and improved their communication and coping skills following the supportive and educational intervention. One RCT (Sun et al., 2014) with 74 caregivers of people who attempted suicide found that a two-hour educational intervention led to improvements on the Suicidal Caring Ability Scale and the Suicide Attitudes Scale but no statistically significant differences on the Caring Stress Scale.

Given the small number of identified studies, we were unable to address whether the effects vary by the intensity of the intervention (KQ2a), by the type of intervention (KQ2b), by intervention target (KQ2c), or by population (KQ2d).

In this chapter, we summarize the findings of this systematic review, evaluate the quality of evidence, place the findings in the context of existing research, and acknowledge limitations.

We found 73 studies that evaluated suicide aftercare interventions, and across studies, we identified significant effects of these interventions on key outcomes, such as subsequent repeated suicide attempts, suicide deaths, and depression. The effects that we found are small, but it is difficult to detect effects for rare events.

Table 4.1 provides an overview of the findings across studies. The table lists the key question, the intervention and comparators evaluated, and the results of the assessed outcomes. For each outcome, the table shows the number of studies and study designs that contribute to the result, reasons for downgrading the quality of evidence (where applicable), the direction and magnitude of the effect, and our confidence in the estimate expressed as a GRADE category.

KQ Comparison and Outcome	Number of Studies and Participants	Reasons for Downgrading Quality	Findings: Direction/ Magnitude of Effect	GRADE
KQ 1. What are the	effects of aftercare int	terventions on people who atte	empted suicide?	
Comparison— suicide aftercare versus control group Outcome— suicide attempts	35 studies, N = 11,163	Publication bias, but result is still significant	RR 0.78; CI 0.67, 0.91, indicating a reduction compared with control groups	Moderate
Comparison— Suicide aftercare versus control group Outcome— Suicide completion (death)	16 studies, N = 9,379	Study limitation (often not reported, but data should be available and effect no longer significant when restricted to RCTs)	RR 0.71; CI 0.50, 0.99, indicating a reduction compared with control groups	Low
Comparison— Suicide aftercare versus control group Outcome— Suicidal ideation	5 studies, N = 768	Imprecision	RR 0.51; CI 0.22, 1.15; SMD –0.61; CI –1.27, 0.06, both not indicating a systematic effect	Moderate
Comparison— Suicide aftercare versus control group Outcome—Self harm	3 studies, N = 1,557	Imprecision	RR 1.01; CI 0.62, 1.63, indicating no effect	Moderate
Comparison— Suicide aftercare versus control group Outcome— Depression	17 studies, N = 1,624	Study limitation (no longer significant when restricted to RCTs)	SMD –0.32; CI –0.57, –0.06 indicating a reduction compared with control groups	Low
Comparison— Suicide aftercare versus control group Outcome— Hopelessness	10 studies, N = 798	Study limitation (no longer significant when restricted to RCTs)	SMD –0.42; CI –0.78, –0.05 indicating a reduction compared with control groups	Low
Comparison— Suicide aftercare versus control group Outcome— Quality of life	2 studies, N = 401	Inconsistency (only one study finds an effect), imprecision	SMD –0.10; CI –0.92, 0.72, not indicating a systematic effect	Low
Outcome— Suicide aftercare Uptake	46 studies (no comparator)	Study limitation (no comparative data), imprecision	24–100 percent	Low
Outcome— Suicide aftercare Retention	34 studies (no comparator)	Study limitation (no comparative data), imprecision	34–96 percent	Low
KQ 1a. Do the effec	ts vary by interventior	intensity?		
Outcome— Suicide attempts	53 studies	Indirect comparison	No evidence that the results differ systematically by intensity	Very low
KQ 1b. Do the effec	ts varv by type of inte	rvention?		

Table 4.1. Summary of Findings and Quality of Evidence Table

KQ Comparison and Outcome	Number of Studies and Participants	Reasons for Downgrading Quality	Findings: Direction/ Magnitude of Effect	GRADE
Outcome— Suicide attempts	53 studies	Indirect comparison	No evidence that the results differ	Very low
····			systematically by	
KO 1c. Do the effec	ts vary by target of int	envention?	Intervention type	
N/A	N/A	N/A	Could not be analyzed	N/A
			because too few studies	
			were identified where the	
			person who attempted	
			suicide was not the target	
			of the intervention	
KQ 1d. Do the effec	ts vary by population's) (a m a l a a a
Suicido attompte	53 studies	Indirect comparison	No evidence that the	very low
Suicide attempts			systematically by	
			intervention setting	
KQ 2. What are the	effects of aftercare in	terventions on family member	s of people who attempted su	icide?
N/A	N/A, 2 studies	N/A	Could not be analyzed	N/A
			because not enough	
			studies were identified	
KQ 2a. Do the effect	ts vary by interventior	n intensity?		L
N/A	N/A	N/A	Could not be analyzed	N/A
			because not enough	
KO 2h Do the offer	to yony by type of into	nucration?	studies were identified	
			Could not be analyzed	N/A
	11/7		because not enough	11/7
			studies were identified	
KQ 2c. Do the effec	ts vary by target of int	ervention?		
N/A	N/A	N/A	Could not be analyzed	N/A
			because not enough	
		<u> </u>	studies were identified	l
KQ 2d. Do the effect	ts vary by population?			1
N/A	N/A	N/A	Could not be analyzed	N/A
			because not enough	
			studies were identified	

In the identified body of evidence, most studies compared an active intervention with a passive control group that typically received treatment as usual. *Treatment as usual* may be no intervention at all, or it may be referral for services and minimal case management. Although we did not observe an effect of intervention intensity, it is more difficult to find an effect with control groups that provide some form of treatment-as-usual care (as opposed to a waitlist control group).

We were not able to explore differential effects for populations. In particular, the paucity of research on military populations came as a surprise to us. Only two studies included service members, and both of these studies evaluated an inpatient intervention following a suicide attempt (Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al., 2018; LaCroix, Colborn et al., 2018). We had included KQ1d and KQ2d specifically because we expected the intense focus on suicide prevention in DoD and the Department of Veterans Affairs to provide a sizable body of literature to conduct a pooled analysis.

Furthermore, despite an exhaustive search for relevant interventions, we identified only a very small number of studies reporting on family members of people who had attempted suicide (KQ2). Of note, studies addressing family members exclusively—for example, to evaluate bereavement support interventions—were outside the scope of the review. Studies had to address a person who had attempted suicide and their family member(s) to be eligible. And of those studies, only two reported data on family members. Consequently, the key questions addressing the effects of an individual's suicide attempt on family members remain largely unanswered.

Results in the Context of Other Reviews

Our findings are similar to the 2020 systematic review and meta-analysis of 14 studies (which included 4,280 patients) by Doupnik and colleagues, which revealed that brief suicide prevention interventions (i.e., brief contact interventions, care coordination, safety planning interventions, and other brief therapies) were associated with small reductions in suicide attempts (pooled odds ratio of 0.69 (CI 0.53, 0.89) and with linkage to follow-up care (pooled odds ratio, 3.04; CI, 1.79, 5.17) but not associated with decreases in depression symptoms (Doupnik et al., 2020). When we restrict our analysis to the 52 RCTs in our literature, the treatment effects on suicide death, depression, and hopelessness are no longer significant. We therefore downgraded the quality of evidence to "low" for these outcomes. That is also consistent with prior systematic reviews of suicide aftercare strategies, which did not find treatment effects on depression (Doupnik et al., 2020).

One review synthesized evidence from *only* studies that reported significant treatment effects on suicide death, suicide attempts, and suicidal ideation to describe effective approaches (Brown and Green, 2014). That effort was intended to describe characteristics of effective interventions, but the authors highlighted the dearth of RCTs that reported on suicide death as an outcome, stating that only two studies (Motto and Bostrom, 2001; Fleischmann et al., 2008) demonstrated efficacy for preventing suicide (Brown and Green, 2014). They underscored the fact that suicidal ideation and suicide attempts are only proxies for death and that interventions that reduce ideation and attempts might not actually prevent suicide.

A large systematic review of interventions for people with self-injurious thoughts and behaviors, which includes people who self-harm without suicidal intent, concluded that there was a significant yet small treatment effect (Fox et al., 2020). The authors did not find that treatment significantly reduced the occurrence of suicide attempts (RR 0.98; CI 0.87, 1.11]. That meta-analysis of 591 published articles conducted in 1,125 unique RCTs over the past five decades reported—with surprise—that the efficacy of interventions for these individuals has not improved with time given the increasing amount of research on this topic. The authors call for research on the causes of suicidality and for substantial changes to interventions to facilitate progress (Fox et al., 2020).

Limitations

Our systematic review had several limitations that are worth noting for the analyses of suicide aftercare interventions. First, we have defined *suicide attempt* as an act in which there is evidence, implicit or explicit, of intent to die, and we considered studies eligible for inclusion if participants had a history of having attempted suicide according to this definition. However, it is possible that some of our included studies had participants who engaged in suicidal behavior without clear suicidal intent with the aim of communicating distress rather than ending their lives. That is, although suicide attempts are conceptually different from nonfatal acts in which a person engaged to cause harm to themselves but not to end their life, it might be nearly impossible to distinguish between these behaviors in clinical practice and research. Furthermore, we explicitly restricted the review to studies in participants who have attempted suicide, and we did not include mixed samples, such as suicide attempts, suicidal ideation, or self-harm.

The measurement of intervention type is complicated by the multi-component nature of many suicide aftercare interventions. For example, case management and psychoeducation are common components of psychotherapy and follow-up care, making it difficult to isolate the effects of intervention components and compare interventions. To further characterize the interventions, we rated the intensity of the intervention, regardless of the diverse content and components employed in the identified studies. Nonetheless, it should be noted that intervention intensity ratings are difficult to standardize. Furthermore, throughout the report, all included studies were eligible for every meta-analysis, and different studies contributed to different analyses. However, where studies did not report on the outcome of interest or provided insufficient detail on the intervention and control group to calculate effect sizes, studies could not contribute.

Furthermore, suicide is (fortunately) a rare event, a fact that has implications for the analyses. Rare events limit individual studies and often have insufficient statistical power, and although meta-analysis is a data aggregation method, rare events are difficult to analyze (Hempel et al., 2015; Gidengil et al., 2021). We also note that a large proportion of included studies reported only on a short follow-up period, a period that was potentially too short to meaningfully assess the effects of suicide aftercare interventions.

Implications for Practice and Research

We found that intervention type and intervention intensity were not associated with any systematic differences in suicide attempts. It is possible that having objective measures of intervention intensity (for instance, total minutes in contact with a provider, number of sessions, medication dosage) would reveal a relationship between intervention intensity and outcomes. Most of the literature did not specify the amount of intervention contact that patients had with providers. Whether a low level of intervention (e.g., minimal case management) could be

sufficient for reducing the likelihood of a future suicide attempt in people who have already attempted suicide is a hypothesis that warrants further study.

Sixty-six percent of the studies were ineligible (602 out of 918) because the research participants in those studies did not meet our inclusion criteria. Studies that included participants with suicidal ideation and no history of having attempted suicide and that did not report outcomes separately for participants who had attempted suicide were excluded. It was for this reason that we were unable to report on KQs 1a–d. It is important for researchers to report outcomes separately for samples that include both people with suicidal ideation and those who attempted suicide.

We therefore recommend two directions for research. One direction should investigate casemanagement strategies and the effectiveness of various case-management characteristics (e.g., the clinician, the setting, the length of time, frequency of contacts, content of each contact). Case management literature is wide-ranging (Lukersmith, Millington, and Salvador-Carulla, 2016) because of the many populations that are studied; for instance, people with severe mental illness (Tsai et al., 2021; Dieterich et al., 2017) or with substance abuse (Vanderplasschen et al., 2007). Published descriptions of case-management practices are highly variable, and there are multiple components and variations of case-management practices that depend on the context and the client population. The review of case-management literature by Lukersmith, Millington, and Salvador-Carulla (2016) found that in the 79 papers that met their inclusion criteria, there were 22 definitions, five models, and 69 activities or tasks of case managers mapped to 17 key components (interventions). To understand the effective ingredients—if any—of case management for suicide prevention, researchers will need to systematically report casemanagement characteristics for analysis.

Our review suggests a second research direction might be needed: one that is perhaps more creative than suicide prevention interventions have been as of this writing. The interventions that have been evaluated in this review are only minimally effective. New strategies need to be developed and evaluated to identify interventions that have larger individual and public health impacts.

The studies included in this review differ from one another in important ways, and each type of intervention requires different resources and personnel and has different dissemination/implementation considerations. Future research must consider the feasibility of implementing aftercare interventions with fidelity.

This appendix shows the search strategies used for all databases in June 2020.

PubMed

Inception–present Limits: English language; Clinical Trial, Clinical Trial, Phase I, Clinical Trial, Phase II, Clinical Trial, Phase III, Clinical Trial, Phase IV, Comparative Study, Controlled Clinical Trial, Evaluation Studies, Multicenter Study, Pragmatic Clinical Trial, Randomized Controlled Trial, Systematic Reviews

(Suicid*[title/abstract] AND (attempt*[title/abstract] OR non-fatal[title/abstract] OR unsuccessful[title/abstract] OR fail*[title/abstract])) OR ("Suicide, Attempted"[Mesh]) OR "suicidal patient"[title/abstract]

AND

aftercare[title/abstract] OR "after care"[title/abstract] OR "post discharge"[title/abstract] OR "follow up"[title/abstract] OR treatment[title/abstract] OR therapy[title/abstract] OR intervention[title/abstract] OR intervene[title/abstract] OR initiative[title/abstract] OR "organizational policy"[title/abstract] OR psychotherapy[title/abstract] OR pharma*[title/abstract]

OR

(Suicid*[title/abstract] AND (attempt*[title/abstract] OR non-fatal[title/abstract] OR unsuccessful[title/abstract] OR Fail*[title/abstract])) OR "Suicide, Attempted"[Mesh] OR suicidal patient*[title/abstract]

AND

aftercare[title/abstract] OR "after care"[title/abstract] OR "post discharge"[title/abstract] OR "follow up"[title/abstract] OR follow-up[title/abstract] OR treatment[title/abstract] OR therapy[title/abstract] OR intervention[title/abstract] OR intervene[title/abstract] OR initiative[title/abstract] OR "organizational policy"[title/abstract] OR psychotherapy[title/abstract] OR pharma*[title/abstract] AND

"cohort study"[title/abstract] OR "cohort comparison"[title/abstract] OR cohort studies[MeSH] OR pre/post[title/abstract] OR pre-post[title/abstract] OR (pre[title/abstract] AND post[title/abstract]) OR before/after[title/abstract] OR before-after[title/abstract] OR "case series"[title/abstract]

PsycInfo

Inception-present; Academic Journals

Limits: English language

TI (((Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*)) OR "suicidal patient")) OR AB (((Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*)) OR "suicidal patient")) OR DE "Attempted Suicide"

AND

TI ((aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy" OR psychotherapy OR pharma*)) OR AB ((aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy" OR psychotherapy OR pharma*))

AND

MR (clinical trial) OR MR (treatment outcome) OR MR (Non-clinical Case Study) OR MR (Longitudinal Study) OR MR (Prospective Study) OR TI ("cohort study" OR "cohort comparison" OR pre/post OR pre-post OR (pre AND post) OR before/after OR before-after OR "case series" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trials" OR "evaluation study" OR "evaluation studies" OR "comparative study" OR "comparative studies" OR "multi center study" OR "multi center study" OR "multi center study" OR "multi center study" OR "multi center studies" OR "Randomized controlled trial" OR randomized controlled trials" OR RCT OR "Systematic review")) OR AB ("cohort study" OR "cohort comparison" OR pre/post OR pre-post OR (pre AND post) OR before/after OR before-after OR "case series" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trials" OR "Clinical trials" OR "Clinical trials" OR "Systematic review")) OR AB ("cohort study" OR "evaluation studies" OR "comparative study" OR "clinical trials" OR "Clinical trials" OR "Clinical trials" OR "Systematic review")) OR (pre AND post) OR before/after OR before-after OR "case series" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trials" OR "clinical trials" OR "clinical trials" OR "comparative studies" OR "multi center studies" OR "multi center studies" OR "systematic review")) OR "multi center study" OR "multicenter studies" OR "multicenter studie

CINAHL

Inception-present; Academic Journals

Limits: English language

TI (((Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*)) OR "suicidal patient")) OR AB (((Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*)) OR "suicidal patient")) OR (MH "Suicide, Attempted")

AND

TI ((aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy" OR psychotherapy OR pharma*)) OR AB ((aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy" OR psychotherapy OR pharma*)) AND TI ("longitudinal study" OR "longitudinal studies" OR "prospective study" OR "prospective studies" OR "cohort study" OR "cohort comparison" OR pre/post OR pre-post OR (pre AND post) OR before/after OR before-after OR "case series" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trials" OR "evaluation study" OR "evaluation studies" OR "comparative study" OR "comparative studies" OR "multi center study" OR "multicenter study" OR "multicenter studies" OR "multi center studies" OR "multicenter studies" OR "Randomized controlled trial" OR "randomized controlled trials" OR RCT)) OR AB ("longitudinal study" OR "longitudinal studies" OR "prospective study" OR "prospective studies" OR "cohort study" OR "cohort comparison" OR pre/post OR pre-post OR (pre AND post) OR before/after OR before-after OR "case series" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trials" OR "clinical trials" OR "multi center studies" OR "cohort study" OR "cohort comparison" OR pre/post OR pre-post OR (pre AND post) OR before/after OR before-after OR "case series" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trials" OR "comparative studies" OR "multi center study" OR "multi center studies" OR "multi c

Web of Science

Inception-present

Limits: English language

TS=((Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*)) OR "suicidal patient") AND

TS=(aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy" OR psychotherapy OR pharma*)

AND

TS=("cohort study" OR "cohort comparison" OR pre/post OR pre-post OR (pre AND post) OR before/after OR before-after OR "case series" OR "clinical trial" OR "clinical trials" OR "evaluation study" OR "evaluation studies" OR "comparative study" OR "comparative studies" OR "multi center study" OR "multicenter study" OR "multicenter studies" OR "multicenter studies" OR "multicenter studies" OR "Comparative studies" OR "multicenter studies" OR "multicenter studies" OR "multicenter studies" OR "Randomized controlled trial" OR "randomized controlled trials" OR "Longitudinal study" OR "prospective study" OR "longitudinal studies" OR "prospective studies")

CDSR

Inception-present

("suicidal patient" OR (Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*))):ti,ab,kw AND (aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy" OR psychotherapy OR pharma*):ti,ab,kw"' OR MeSH descriptor: [Suicide, Attempted] explode all trees AND (aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy" OR psychotherapy OR pharma*):ti,ab,kw"'

ClinicalTrials.gov

Inception-present; ClincialTrials.gov

searching in "other field"-all phases

(((Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*)) OR "suicidal patient")) AND (aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy")

OR

(((Suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR unsuccessful OR fail*)) OR "suicidal patient")) AND (psychotherapy OR pharma*)

World Health Organization International Clinical Trials Registry Platform

WHO ICTRP

searching in "title"

Status: All

(suicid* AND (attempt* OR non-fatal OR fail*))

AND

(aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy")

OR

"suicidal patient" AND (aftercare OR "after care" OR "post discharge" OR "follow up" OR treatment OR therapy OR intervention OR intervene OR initiative OR "organizational policy")

This appendix details each of the included studies in Table B.1 and the associated level of bias for each study in Table B.2. Because the other outcomes are reported in meta-analyses within the body of the report, the only outcomes that we report here are for intervention uptake and participant retention.

Table B.1. Evidence Table

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Alavi et al., 2013	Type of participants: Both people who	Intervention	Uptake
Alavi et al., 2012	have attempted suicide and family	Category/type: Psychotherapy: CBT	NR
Iran	members	Description: The intervention group	Retention
Outpatient	Female: 90 percent	received a package of 12 weekly	NR
RCT	Age: 16.1 (1.6) intervention, 16 (1.2)	sessions of CBT, which included	
	control	psycho-educational interventions and	
	Marital status: NR	individual and family skills training	
	Military population? Civilian	modules over three months.	
	Comorbidities: Major depressive	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	disorder: 100 percent	-	
	History of suicide attempts: NR	Comparator	
	Eligibility criteria: 12–18-year-old	Wait list	
	adolescents having attempted suicide in	Received routine psychiatric	
	the past 90 days with mild to moderate	interventions	
	major depressive disorder; patients with		
	bipolar mood, psychotic, pervasive	Follow-up time: Three months	
	developmental, severe depressive	•	
	disorder (that needed prompt		
	hospitalization) or substance use		
	disorders, or patients who received		
	electroconvulsive therapy were		
	excluded.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 30		
Allard, Marshall, and	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Plante, 1992	attempted suicide	Category/type: Other intervention: Any	Number of participants who
Canada	Female: 57 percent intervention, 54	combination of support, psychotherapy,	agreed to enroll: 150/194
Outpatient	percent control	psychoeducation, medication, or	participants who met inclusion
RCT	Age: 46 percent of those receiving	behavioral therapy	criteria agreed to enroll
	intervention and 51 percent of those	Description: The intensive intervention	
	receiving control over 30 years old	consisted of an explicit treatment plan,	Retention
	Marital status: 30 percent in the	a schedule of visits (weekly in the first	NR
	intervention, 20 percent in the control	month, biweekly in the next three	
	group	months, and then monthly for eight	
	Military population? Civilian	months), a home visit by the social	
	Comorbidities	worker, written or telephone reminders,	
	Depression: 89 percent intervention, 84	and referrals to the usual psychiatric	
	percent control	resources.	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	Substance abuse disorder: 47 percent	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	intervention, 54 percent control		
	Personality disorder: 47 percent	Comparator	
	intervention, 43 percent control	Usual care	
	History of suicide attempts: 51	NR	
	percent of those receiving intervention		
	and 49 of those in control group had	Follow-up time: 24 months	
	previously attempted suicide		
	Eligibility criteria: People seen in the		
	emergency department after a suicide		
	attempt, residing within the catchment		
	area of the hospital, and who spoke		
	French or English; people not having a		
	fixed address or expecting to move		
	away soon, already under the care that		
	ensures follow-up, naving a physical		
	nandicap that prevents attendance,		
	incapable of giving informed consent,		
	being sociopathic, or having an attempt		
	dated back more than a week prior		
	were excluded.		
	Number of participants, 150		
Androsson at al	Type of participants: 150	Intervention	Untoko
	attempted aviolde		Uplake
2010 Montal Health	Ecomple: 74 percent	Description: DBT was offered as a 16	agreed to oproll: 108/110 of the
Sonvicos	Ago: 31.60 (12.7)	week treatment course, which consisted	aligible participants agreed to oproll
Denmark	Age. 31.09 (12.7) Marital status: NR	of one individual session (one hour) and	eligible participants agreed to enroll
Outpatient	Military population? Civilian	one group session (two hours) weekly	Retention
RCT	Comorbidities: Major depressive	delivered by DBT theranists	Number of participants who
	disorder: 74 1 percent: generalized	Target: Person who attempted suicide	dropped out: 34
	anxiety disorder: 45.2 percent: panic		
	disorder: 12 percent	Comparator	
	History of suicide attempts: 67.6	No control group	
	percent had recurrent suicide attempt	Psychotherapy: CAMS	
	Eligibility criteria: Participants had to	CAMS treatment is an overall process	
	be 18–65 years old, have two or more	of clinical assessment, treatment	
	criteria from the borderline personality	planning, and management of	
	disorder diagnosis, and have had a	outpatient suicidal risk. The duration of	
	recent suicide attempt; the exclusion	treatment could vary but lasted a	
	criteria were severe depression (i.e.,	maximum of 16 weeks.	
	more than 23 points on HAM-D17),	Suicide attempters	
	bipolar disorder, psychosis in the		
	schizophrenia spectrum, anorexia	Follow-up time: Seven months	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	nervosa, alcohol or drug dependence,		
	speak and understand Danish or lack		
	of informed consent		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 108		
Ahn et al., 2020	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
South Korea	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation	Number of participants whose
Intervention initiated in	Female: 56 percent	Description: Case management	case information transferred to
emergency	Age: Median (range): 42 (32–52)	provided by social worker beginning in	community programs: 63
department, followed	intervention, 42 (32–52) active	the ED and up to 4 weeks after	
by telephone or in	comparator, 43 (32–51) control	discharge to assure linkage of patients	Retention
person	Marital status: NR	to proper administration of mental	Number of participants
Controlled study	Military population? Civilian	health counseling	contacted at eight-week
	Comorbidities:	Target: Person who attempted suicide	followup: 56
	psychiatric history pre-intervention: 41.1	Componetor	
	percent; psychiatric history post-	Comparator	
	History of suiside attempts: 228 (42.1	The control group (are intervention	
	nistory of suicide altempts: 220 (42.1	aroup) received a referral to community	
	attempt	group) received a referral to community	
	Fligibility criteria: Participants visited	department following a suicide attempt	
	Korea University Medical Center	department following a suicide attempt	
	Anasan hospital for attempted suicide:	Follow-up time: Two months	
	excluded legal minors under the age of		
	19, and patients with foreign nationality		
	Unit of randomization: N/A		
	Number of participants: 542		
Bateman, 2016	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Bateman, 2009;	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	Number of participants who
ISRCTN27660668,	Female: 30 percent	Mentalization-based treatment	agreed to enroll: 40/52 of the
2016	Age: 31.50 (8.20) intervention, 30.00	integrating cognitive, psychodynamic	eligible participants agreed to enroll
	(7.10) control	and relational components	5.4.4
Outpatient	Marital status: 0 percent	Description: Mentalization-based	Retention
KUI	Comorbidition: UN	reament (weekly compined individual	Number of participants who
	History of suicide attempts: ND	two different therapists for 18 menths)	uropped out: 15
	Fligibility criteria: Diagnosis of	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	antisocial personality disorder and	Target. Terson who allempted suicide	
	comorbid borderline personality	Comparator	
	disorder: suicide attempt or episode of	Enhanced usual care	
	life-threatening self-harm within the past	Weekly individual and group sessions of	
	six months; and age 18–65. Patients	counseling provided by non-specialist	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	were excluded if they currently were in	practitioners with appointments every	
	long-term psychotherapeutic treatment; met DSM-IV criteria for psychotic	three months for psychiatric review	
	disorder or bipolar I disorder: had opiate	Follow-up time: 18 months	
	dependence requiring specialist	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	treatment; or had mental impairment or		
	evidence of organic brain disorder.		
	Current psychiatric inpatient treatment,		
	temporary residence, drug/alcohol		
	misuse and comorbid personality		
	disorder were not exclusion criteria		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 40		
Battaglia et al., 1999	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
USA	attempted suicide	Category/type: Medication:	Number of participants who
Outpatient	Female: 43 percent low dose, 44		agreed to enroll: 58/119 of the
RCI	A res 20 7 (5 0) low dose	(12 Frag) of intromuce when injections of	eligible participants agreed to enroll
	Age: 29.7 (5.9) low dose, 31.2 (8.2)	(12.5mg) of intramuscular injections of	Detention
	Marital status: 10 percent low doos, 11	Terret: Dereen who attempted quiside	Number of participants who
	percent ultra low doso	raiget. Person who allempted suicide	dropped out: 18
	Military population: Civilian	Comparator	
	Comorbidities:	No control group	
	Substance abuse disorder: 79 percent:	Pharmacological treatment:	
	mood disorder: 35 percent:	Fluphenazine	
	anxiety disorder: 29 percent:	Ultra low dose (1.5mg) of intramuscular	
	organic disorder: 16 percent:	flupehnazine once monthly for six	
	adjustment disorder: 8 percent;	months	
	eating disorder: 3 percent;	Suicide attempters	
	psychotic disorder: 2 percent		
	History of suicide attempts: NR	Follow-up time: Six months	
	Eligibility criteria: Participants		
	between the ages of 18 and 65 who		
	received treatment for a suicide attempt		
	that had occurred within 30 days of		
	study entry and who had at least two		
	prior suicide attempts. Participants who		
	did not speak English, had allergy to		
	Tupnenazine, tardive dyskinesia,		
	neuroleptic malignant syndrome, narrow		
	angle glaucoma, schizophrenia,		
	centroportive use) or use of		
	contraceptive use), or use of		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	psychotropic medications were		
	excluded		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 57		
Bergmans and Links,	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
2009	attempted suicide	Category/type: Social support group	NR
Canada	Female: 73 percent	Description:	
Outpatient	Age: 36.2 (10.83)	Psychosocial/psychoeducational	Retention
Pre-post	Marital status: 16 percent	intervention (small group program	Number of participants who
	Military population: Civilian	guided by multidisciplinary facilitators	completed the intervention:
	Comorbidities: Depression: 66.5	from social work, nursing, psychology,	163/239 (68.2 percent) of the
	percent; borderline personality disorder:	and psychiatry) 1.5 hrs/week for 20	participants completed the
	50.6 percent; bipolar disorder: 29.3	weeks)	intervention
	percent; anxiety/panic: 25.9 percent;	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	posttraumatic stress disorder: 19.6		
	percent; eating disorder: 13.8 percent;	Comparator	
	obsessive compulsive disorder: 7.5	No control group	
	percent; alcohol and/or drug	Pre-intervention	
	dependence and/or abuse: 5.8 percent;		
	schizophrenia: 5.4 percent; antisocial	Follow-up time: Five months	
	personality disorder: 1.6 percent;		
	personality disorder not otherwise		
	specified: 10.1 percent; other: 38.4		
	percent		
	History of suicide attempts: NR		
	Eligibility criteria: Patients with a		
	lifetime history of two or more suicide		
	attempts and are self-referred or		
	referred after a suicide crisis from a		
	variety of in-hospital or community		
	resources; patients with active		
	psychotic disorders or a recent history		
	of interpersonal violence were		
	excluded.		
	Unit of randomization: NA		
	Number of participants: 239		
Brown et al., 2005;	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Tepper et al., 2005;	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	Number of participants who
Ghahramanlou-	Female: 61 percent	Cognitive therapy	agreed to enroll: 120/186 of the
Holloway, 2012;	Age: 35.1 (10.1) intervention, 34.9	Description: Ten outpatient cognitive	eligible participants agreed to enroll
University of	(10.5) control	therapy sessions provided weekly or	Detention
Pennsylvania and	Marital status: 11 percent	DIWEEKIY to learn cognitive and	Retention
	Military population: Civilian	behavioral strategies to help identify	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
National Institute of Mental Health, 2014 NCT00081367 USA Outpatient RCT	Comorbidities: Major depressive disorder: 77 percent; substance abuse disorder: 68 percent History of suicide attempts: 73 percent had multiple suicide attempts Eligibility criteria: Individuals who had a suicide attempt within 48 hours prior to being evaluated at the emergency department; age of 16 years or older; ability to speak English, complete a baseline assessment, provide at least 2 verifiable contacts to improve tracking for subsequent assessments, understand and provide informed consent; individuals were excluded if they had a medical disorder that would prevent participation. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 120	and address thoughts and beliefs and to help cope with stressors. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Enhanced usual care Received usual care from clinicians and case management Follow-up time: 18 months	Number of participants who dropped out: 15
Burnand, 2017 Duke University and National Institute of Mental Health, 2016; Andreoli et al., 2016 NCT01653548 Switzerland Emergency department RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: NR Age: NR Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: Participants who were admitted to short term psychiatric care with borderline personality disorder (BPD) and major depressive episode (MDE) after being referred to the emergency room for a suicide attempt Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 170	Intervention Category/type: Psychotherapy: Abandonment psychotherapy Description: Three-month, twice-a- week, manualized cognitive- psychodynamic intervention that specifically targets the abandonment experiences and fears that are considered the cardinal feature of borderline personality disorder. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care NR Follow-up time: 36 months	Uptake NR Retention NR
Cebria et al., 2015 Cebria et al., 2013 Spain Outpatient Controlled study	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 64 percent Parc Taulí Sabadell Hospital Universitari (PTHUS), 71 percent Con-sorci Sanitari de Terrassa (CST)	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation: nurse case management Description: A nurse specializing in mental health who had received comprehensive training in managing	Uptake NR Retention NR

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	Age: 41.92 (14.7) intervention 40.73 (15.1) control Marital status: 46 percent intervention, 23 percent control Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: Patients discharged from an emergency department after a suicide attempt Unit of randomization: NA Number of participants: 514	patients at risk of suicide was responsible for scheduling a post- discharge appointment with the referring psychiatrist within ten days and for beginning follow-up calls at one week, one month, and at three, six, nine, and 12 months after discharge. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care All patients admitted for suicide attempt received treatment as usual (TAU) including medical care, suicide risk assessment, and the formulation of a treatment plan by a psychiatrist Follow-up time: 60 months	
Chan et al., 2011 China Outpatient Controlled study	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 58 percent Age: 76.87 (8.039) intervention, 75.48 (6.907) control Marital status: 43 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: Depressive disorder: 48.4 percent intervention, 68.2 percent control History of suicide attempts: 19.9 percent intervention and 36.4 percent control had an a history of having attempted suicide. Eligibility criteria: Participants older than 65 with an index suicide attempt Unit of randomization: NA Number of participants: 417	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation Description: A care manager offers frequent phone contacts, regular home visits (usually biweekly or triweekly), and ad hoc home visits (in response to crisis) to monitor the client's mental and social situations, promote compliance with treatment, and provide psychoeducation in the first six months. Aftercare component by psychogeriatrician is continued as clinically indicated. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Historical cohort Standard psychogeriatric care Follow-up time: Six months	Uptake NR Retention Duration of psychogeriatric service contact (months): 18.67
Chen et al., 2012 Taiwan	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 70 percent	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation	Uptake Number of participants who accepted case management:

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Case management	Age: 54 percent ages 25-44	Description: Case management is	4,192/4,765 of the participants
phone or home visits	Marital status: NR	principally accomplished through	accepted case management
Controlled study	Military population: Civilian	telephone conversations, with home	
	Comorbidities: NR	visits as a secondary option for six	Retention
	History of suicide attempts: 46.5	months.	NR
	percent of participants attempted	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	suicide by overdose		
	Eligibility criteria: Participants who	Comparator	
	had attempted suicide within the last	No intervention (no wait list)	
	month and were referred to Kaohsiung	The subjects who could not be	
	Suicide Prevention Center (KSPC) from	contacted due to missing or incorrect	
	both medical and nonmedical	contact information on the national	
	Upit of rendemization, NA	suicide prevention reporting sneets	
	Number of participants: 4 765	group	
	Number of participants: 4,705	group.	
		Follow-up time: Six months	
Chen et al., 2013	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Taiwan	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation	Number of participants who
Case management	Female: 67 percent	Description: Received individualized	agreed to enroll: 761/1,218 of the
and phone or home	Age: 39.8 (14.0)	crisis postcard after three months of	eligible participants agreed to enroll
visits	Marital status: NR	case management. Crisis postcards	
RCT	Military population: Civilian	included two components: individual	Retention
	Comorbidities: NR	coping strategies and resources. Case	NR
	History of suicide attempts: 38.4	management included psychological	
	percent control, 34.9 percent	support, proper coping strategies,	
	Intervention with history of previous	follow-ups to increase adherence to the	
	Suicide attempts	referrals provided for psychiatric	
	ettempted quiside within the previous	reacurace and brief crisis intervention if	
	month	needed	
	Unit of randomization: Patient	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	Number of participants: 761	-	
		Comparator	
		Case management services six times	
		over three months (including	
		psychological support, proper coping	
		strategies, ionow-ups to increase	
		autherence to the relenais provided for	
		of social resources and brief crisis	
		intervention if needed	
		Suicide attempters	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
		Follow-up time: Six months	
Fossi Djembi et al., 2020 University Hospital	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide	Intervention Category/type: Outreach: Brief contact Description: Brief Contact	Uptake NR
Lille et al., 2020 NCT03134885	Age: NR Marital status: NR	Intervention (called <i>VigilanS</i> , involved routine care provided by the	Retention NR
France Remote Pre-post	Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR	participating centers for a 6-month period, mainly telephone calls)	
	Eligibility criteria: All patients who had a suicide attempt evaluated at any	Comparator	
	hospitals in the Nord-Pas-de-Calais region	Follow-up time: Six months	
	Number of participants: NR		
Donaldson, Spirito, and Esposito- Smythers, 2005 Karver et al., 2008 USA Outpatient RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 82 percent Age: 15 (1.7) Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: Major depressive disorder: 27 percent skills-based, 31 percent supportive relationship; disruptive behavior disorder: 27 percent skills-based, 63 percent supportive relationship; alcohol use disorder: 13 percent skills-based, 25 percent	Intervention Category/type: Psychotherapy: skills- based treatment Description: Skills Based Treatment (SBT) taught effective problem solving and cognitive and behavioral strategies for affect management (e.g., cognitive restructuring, relaxation). Each session included an assessment of suicidality, skill education, and skill practice. Active sessions were administered over three months and maintenance sessions included three monthly sessions.	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 39/44 (89 percent) of the eligible participants agreed to enroll Retention Number of dropouts: 6
	supportive relationship; cannabis use disorder: 40 percent skills-based, 50 percent supportive relationship History of suicide attempts: 53 percent skills-based and 44 percent supportive relationship had more than one suicide attempt Eligibility criteria: 12–17-year-old adolescents who presented to a general pediatric emergency department or inpatient unit after a suicide attempt. Participants were eligible if their primary language was English, they did not	Target: Person who attempted suicide and family member(s) Comparator No control group Social support group This treatment was supportive in nature and focused the adolescent's mood and behavior as well as factors that contribute to adolescent suicidal behavior. Sessions were unstructured and addressed reported symptoms and problems. Suicide attempters	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	have psychosis, and they had average intellectual functioning. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 39	Follow-up time: Six months	
Ducasse et al., 2018 University Hospital Montpellier, 2016 NCT02936700 France Outpatient RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 88 percent Age: 38.34 (12.73) intervention, 38.04 (11.08) active comparator Marital status: 43 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: Depressive disorder: 52.38 percent intervention, 47.37 percent active comparator; bipolar disorder: 42.86 percent intervention, 52.63 percent active comparator; anxiety disorder: 85.71 percent intervention, 63.16 percent active comparator; OCD: 9.52 percent intervention, 26.32 percent active comparator; PTSD: 9.52 percent intervention, 21.05 percent active comparator; current eating disorder: 23.81 percent intervention, 26.32 percent active comparator; borderline personality disorder: 61.90 percent intervention, 57.89 percent active comparator History of suicide attempts: 2.14 (1.46) intervention, 2.37 (2.22) active comparator Eligibility criteria: Aged between 18 and 65 years, suffering from a current suicidal behavior disorder according to DSM-5, and being able to speak, read, and understand French; patients with lifetime history of schizophrenia, a current alcohol/illicit drug use disorder, a current manic or hypomanic episode, a lifetime history of severe brain injury or neurologic disease, and pregnancy were excluded. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 40	Intervention Category/type: Psychotherapy: Acceptance and commitment therapy Description: Seven weekly two-hour sessions of acceptance and commitment therapy provided by two therapists Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator No control group Standardized relaxation program, consisting of seven two-hour weekly sessions A standardized relaxation program, consisting of seven two-hour weekly sessions Suicide attempters Follow-up time: 5 months	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 40/42 of the eligible participants agreed to enroll Retention Number of participants who completed the intervention: 21

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Ettlinger, 1975	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Sweden	attempted suicide	Category/type: Outreach	Number of participants who
Acute treatment	Female: 58 percent	Description: Providing aftercare in the	agreed to enroll: 670/688 of the
followed by outpatient	Age: Men: 22.5 percent intervention, 22	form of contacts after suicide attempt,	participants who met inclusion
and phone contacts	percent control 41–50 years old;	arranging continued care if required,	criteria agreed to enroll in the
Controlled study	women: 22.1 percent intervention, 20.5	and providing emergency contact with a	intervention group
	percent control 41–50 years old	physician or social worker.	
	Marital status: Men: 47 percent	Target: Person who attempted suicide	Retention
	intervention, 36 percent control; women:		NR
	32 percent intervention, 45 percent	Comparator	
	control	Historical controls	
	Military population: Civilian	Historical control group prior to	
	men 31 percent intervention 45 percent	introduction of standard follow-up care	
	control: women 34 percent intervention	Follow-up time: 60 months	
	42 percent control		
	History of suicide attempts: NR		
	Eligibility criteria: People who were		
	admitted to the Intensive-care unit at		
	Sodersjukhuset		
	in the period March 1, 1964–December		
	31, 1966		
	Unit of randomization: NA		
	Number of participants: 1,351		
Exbrayat et al., 2017	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
France	attempted suicide	Category/type: Screening	Number of participants who
Remote	Female: 70 percent	Description: Telephone follow-ups	responded to at least one follow-
Controlled study	Age: 40.2 (15.3) intervention, 39.7	provided by specially trained nurses at	up call: 88.3 percent of the
	(15.1) control	8, 30, and 60 days after the suicide	participants in the intervention
	Marital status: NR	attempt, assessing suicide risk,	group responded to at least one
	Comorbidition: Civilian	emergency and degree of narmiuness	ioliow-up call
	disorder: 27.67 percent: bipelar	Target: Dereen who attempted quiside	Potention
	disorder: 1.82 percent: psychotic	rarget. Person who allempted suicide	NP
	disorder: 4.74 percent: personality	Comparator	NIX
	disorder: 32 20 percent: anxiety	Usual care	
	disorder: 6.32 percent; esting disorder:	Patients received usual treatment at the	
	0.97 percent	time of suicide attempt but did not	
	History of suicide attempts: 50.06	receive subsequent telephone follow-up	
	percent with lifetime history of having		
	attempted suicide	Follow-up time: 2 months	
	Eligibility criteria: Patients admitted to	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	the Department of Emergency		
	Psychiatry for suicide attempt between		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	January 1 and December 31, 2010; who		
	resided within the catchment area of the		
	hospital; were at least 18 years of age;		
	had no history of psychiatric		
	hospitalization exceeding 72 hours in a		
	crisis unit; and whose situation		
	permitted follow-up; patients younger		
	than 18 and whose psychiatrist might		
	judge follow-up to be potentially harmful		
	(such as patients with a personality		
	disorder like dependent personality) or		
	whose inclusion might interfere with an		
	established program of allied intensive		
	care were excluded		
	Unit of randomization: NA		
Formandaz Artamandi	Number of participants: 823	Intervention	Untoko
remandez-Anamendi	attempted quiside	Catagory/type: Davebacducation	
et al., 2019	Semale: 68 percent	Description: Description leaflet	INK
Spain Case management	Age: 42 44 (11 24 intervention 27 04	about the provention of quisidel	Potentian
	(12.05) active comparator (12.52)	behavior plus an active case	
Controlled study	(12.03) active comparator, 42.33	management plus a psychooducational	
	Marital status: 36	program (top wookly 60 minuto group	
	Military population: Civilian	sessions of skills-based therapy)	
	Comorbidities: NR	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	History of suicide attempts: 1.68	raiget. I erson who attempted suicide	
	(2 23) control previous attempts: 2 55	Comparator	
	(3.08) active comparator previous	Usual care	
	suicide attempts 2 22 (2 94)	Case management	
	intervention previous suicide attempts	information leaflet about the prevention	
	Eligibility criteria: At least 18 years	of suicidal behavior	
	old: admission to ED after suicide	active case management	
	attempt: willing to participate.	Suicide attempters	
	Unit of randomization: NA		
	Number of participants: 163	Follow-up time: 30 months	
		•	
Fleischmann et al.,	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
2008	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation: Brief	Number of participants who
Bertolote et al., 2010;	Female: 57 percent intervention, 60	education intervention	agreed to enroll: 1,867/1,944 of
Fleischmann, 2002	percent control	Description: One one-hour individual	the eligible participants agreed to
Brazil, India, Sri	Age: 23 (median)	information session as close to the time	enroll
Lanka, Islamic	Marital status: 46 percent intervention,	of discharge as possible and, after	
	47 percent control	discharge, nine follow-up contacts	Retention

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Republic of Iran, China Emergency department RCT	Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: 22 percent intervention and 20 percent control had a history of previous suicide attempt. Eligibility criteria: Suicide attempters identified by medical staff in the emergency units Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 1,867	 (phone calls or visits, as appropriate) according to a specific timeline up to 18 months Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Treatment as usual; typically, the treatment provided in the participating sites would not cover routine or systematic psychiatric or psychological assessment or help besides the treatment of somatic symptoms Follow-up time: 18 months 	Number of participants who dropped out: 50
Gabilondo et al., 2020 Spain Remote Controlled study	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 59 percent Age: 41.2(13.6) control, 45.2(16) intervention Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: Adult patients seen in the emergency departments for a suicide attempt and discharged after a psychiatric assessment. Unit of randomization: NA Number of participants: 586	Intervention Category/type: Outreach: A protocolized telephone follow-up Description: Protocolized telephone calls, add-on to any other medical or psychological follow-up the patient could do, including a total of five short telephone sessions (weeks one and two, and months one, three, and six after the attempt). Each session followed a predefined protocol and lasted around 10–15 min for six months carried out by general nurses. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Any other medical or psychological follow-up the patient could do Follow-up time: 12 months	Uptake Number of participants who received complete protocolized telephone calls: 57.5 percent of patients were contacted in a minimum of three calls, and 25.2 percent received the five calls that make up the complete protocol. Retention NR
Ghahramanlou- Holloway, 2018 Henry M. Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 42 percent Age: 30.3 (11.4) Intervention, 27.8 (9.3) Control	Intervention Category/type: Psychotherapy: Post- admission cognitive therapy plus enhanced usual care	Uptake NR Retention NR

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Military Medicine,	Marital status: 54 percent	Description: Six 60- to 90-minute	
2018	Military population: Mixed 92 percent	sessions (totaling 6 to 9 hours) of	
NCT01340859	military service members, 2 percent	individual psychotherapy over the	
USA	beneficiaries	course of three days during the	
Inpatient	Comorbidities: 67 percent had a major	psychiatric hospitalization	
RCT	depressive disorder.	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	History of suicide attempts: 63	-	
	percent of participants had multiple	Comparator	
	suicide attempts	Enhanced usual care	
	Eligibility criteria: Military service	Usual care received by patients during	
	members and adult beneficiaries age 18	hospitalization varied but could include	
	or older, psychiatrically hospitalized due	individual- and group-based therapy, art	
	to either a recent suicide attempt or	therapy, recreation therapy, and	
	suicide ideation with a history of a prior	medication management.	
	suicide attempt, excluding admission for		
	self-inflicted harm without intent to die,	Follow-up time: three months	
	active psychosis, medical incapacity to		
	participate, or expected discharge from		
	the inpatient unit within 72 hours of		
	admission.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 24		
Gysin-Maillart et al.,	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
2016	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation:	NR
Gysin-Maillart et al.,	Female: 55 percent	Attempted Suicide Short Intervention	
2017; Park et al.,	Age: 37.8(14.4)	Program (ASSIP)	Retention
2018; University of	Marital status: 28 percent	Description: Three 60–90-minute	Number of participants who
Bern, 2016; Michel et	Military population: Civilian	sessions were administered by a	dropped out: 4
al., 2017	Comorbidities: Substance abuse: 30	trained therapist. These sessions	
NCT02505373S	percent; affective disorder: 63 percent;	included face-to-face therapy sessions,	
Switzerland	neurotic and acute stress reaction: 44	which were supplemented by	
Outpatient	percent; personality disorder: 17	personalized letters for 24 months.	
RCT	percent	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	History of suicide attempts: 50		
	percent had at least one suicide attempt	Comparator	
	Eligibility criteria: Participants had	Usual care	
	recently attempted suicide, resided	Underwent a single clinical interview,	
	inside the hospital catchment area,	including a structured suicide risk	
	sufficient mastery of German, and had	assessment.	
	no habitual self-harm, serious cognitive		
	impairment, or psychotic disorder.	Follow-up time: 24 months	
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 120		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Hassanzadeh et al., 2010 WHO et al., 2007 Iran Education plus telephone follow-up RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 62 percent Age: 24 (8.3) intervention, 25 (9.7) control Marital status: 44 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: Chronic psychiatric illness: 55 percent History of suicide attempts: 28 percent had previous suicide attempts Eligibility criteria: Suicide attempters who were identified in the emergency departments by medical staff of Karaj between July 2002 and April 2003. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 629	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation: Brief Intervention and Contact Description: The Brief Intervention and Contact (BIC) group participated in a one-hour psychoeducational information session, which took place close to the time of discharge. The information session addressed: suicidal behavior as a sign of psychological/social distress, risk factors, basic epidemiology/repetition, alternatives to suicidal behavior, and contacts/referrals. The subjects were followed up by phone calls or visits. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Treatment as usual in the emergency department Follow-up time: Six months	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 632/945 (66.9 percent) of the participants who met inclusion criteria agreed to enroll Retention NR
Hvid et al., 2011 Rigshospitalet and Ministry of Social Affairs of Denmark, 2009; Hvid and Wang, 2009; Lahoz, Hvid, and Wang, 2016 NCT00821756 Norway Outreach RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 71 percent Age: 37 Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: All suicide attempted patients assessed at hospital's emergency rooms and clinical departments in Amager except those with major psychiatric diagnoses (schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, severe/psychotic depression); age > 12 and without language problems. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 133	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation Description: Active outreach with a primary contact while the patient was still in hospital and follow-up visits after hospital discharge by personal contact, telephone calls, letters, text messaging, and e-mails. Focus on problem solving, maintaining contact, and adherence to treatment. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Treatment as usual. Recommendation at discharge to follow up with general practitioner Follow-up time: 12 months	Uptake Number of patients randomized to intervention who actually received intervention: 4 Retention Number unwilling to participate in 2004: 65

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Ivanoff, 1985	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
USA	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	Number of participants who
Inpatient	Female: 100 percent	Systematic desensitization for distress	agreed to enroll: 9/9 of the
RCT	Age: 56 percent 27 years or younger;	tolerance	participants who met inclusion
	44 percent 31 years or older	Description: One-hour individual	criteria agreed to enroll
	Marital status: 22 percent	session for seven consecutive days	
	Military population: Civilian	provided by trained therapists, focusing	Retention
	Comorbidities: Major depressive	on increasing the patient's ability to	NR
	disorder: 67 percent; anxiety disorder:	cope with situations that produce	
	22 percent; cyclothymic: 11 percent;	intolerable distress	
	borderline personality disorder: 78	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	percent		
	History of suicide attempts: 89	Comparator	
	percent had one or more suicide	Psychotherapy: problem-solving	
	attempt.	therapy	
	Eligibility criteria: Participants had to	One-hour individual session for seven	
	be female, between the ages of 18 and	consecutive days provided by trained	
	45, admitted for a suicide attempt within	therapists, focusing on increasing the	
	the past 48 hours, with informed	patient's interpersonal problem-solving	
	consent, without organic brain	skills.	
	syndrome, mental retardation or	Suicide attempters	
	conditions that can make	·	
	testing/treatment unreliable.	Follow-up time: 2 months	
	Unit of randomization: Patient	-	
	Number of participants: 9		
Johnson et al., 2018	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
USA	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy	NR
Outpatient	Female: 53 percent	Description: Cognitively-based	
RCT	Age: 42.8 (9.02) intervention, 44.4	compassion training (including six-	Retention
	(10.1) control	session weekly meditation practice)	NR
	Marital status: NR	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	Military population: Civilian		
	Comorbidities: NR	Comparator	
	History of suicide attempts: NR	Social support group	
	Eligibility criteria: Low-income African	90-minute support group sessions that	
	American adults who had attempted	were unstructured and did not include	
	suicide in the previous year excluding	any elements of compassion	
	those who were actively psychotic or	meditation.	
	did not have adequate cognitive	Suicide attempters	
	functioning for the interview.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient	Follow-up time: 1.5 months	
	Number of participants: 59	-	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Kaslow et al., 2010 Zhang et al., 2013; Davis et al., 2009; Taha et al., 2015 NCT00601939 USA Outpatient RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 100 percent Age: 34.7 (9.4) Marital status: 7 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: African American women with both intimate partner violence (IPV) and a suicide attempt in the past year; patients with cognitive impairment, acute psychosis, or delirium were excluded. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 217	Intervention and comparator Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation: Grady Nia project Description: Ten 90-minute meetings with culturally informed, empowerment- focused psychoeducational group intervention. Meeting content is informed by the Theory of Triadic Influence (TTI) model, which attends to risk and protective factors in three domains: intrapersonal, social/ situational, and environmental/contextual Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Women assigned to treatment as usual (TAU) were referred for standard psychiatric and medical care offered by the hospital, including free weekly suicide and IPV support groups. Follow-up time: 12 months	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 217/231 of the eligible participants agreed to enroll Retention Number of participants who completed the intervention: 86 Number of participants assessed at 12 months: 28
Kato et al., 2012 Japan Outpatient Controlled study	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 47 percent Age: 53.9 (19.5) intervention, 51.7 (14.8) control Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: Major depressive disorder: 100 percent History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: Patients in emergency department following a suicide attempt who are treated with antidepressants and/or Tandospirone (TDS) and no other psychotropic medications. Unit of randomization: NA Number of participants: 49	Intervention Category/type: Medication: Tandospirone Combination Therapy Description: Tandospirone (an anxiolytic) combined with anti- depressants Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Pharmacological treatment: mirtazpine, sertraline, and fluvoxamine Monotherapy with an antidepressant (mirtazpine, setraline, or fluvoxamine) Suicide attempters Follow-up time: 1 month	Uptake NR Retention NR
	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
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Kawanishi et al., 2014	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Japan Foundation for	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation:	Number of participants who
Neuroscience Mental	Female: 56 percent	Assertive case management	agreed to enroll: 914/1,267 of the
Health and National	Age: 42.9 (14.6) intervention, 41.7	Description: Case management via	eligible participants agreed to enroll
Center of Neurology	(15.2) control	scheduled in-person or phone-based	
Psychiatry, Japan,	Marital status: 41 percent	interviews provided by social workers,	Retention
2013; Furuno et al.,	Military population: Civilian	clinical psychologists, nurses, or	Number of participants
2018; Hirayasu et al.,	Comorbidities: Substance-related	psychiatrists at one week and one, two,	contacted at least seven times
2009; Yamada et al.,	disorder: 4.92 percent; schizophrenia or	three, six, 12, and 18 months after	by a case manager: 320/460 (70
2012	other psychotic disorder: 19.85 percent;	randomization and then every six	percent) of intervention participants
NC100736918; UMIN-	mood disorder: 46.61 percent;	months until the end of the trial by	were contacted at least seven
CTR C00000444	adjustment disorder: 20.90 percent;	dedicated case managers who were	limes by a case manager
Case management	History of suicide attempts: 50	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
RCT	nercent intervention and 48 percent	raiget. I erson who attempted solde	
Not	control had at least one previous	Comparator	
	suicide attempt	Enhanced usual care	
	Eligibility criteria: Adults aged 20	Treatment as usual included	
	vears and older who had attempted	psychoeducation during emergency	
	suicide, were admitted to the	department stay by the case manager	
	emergency department, and had a	or psychiatrist, and an information	
	primary diagnosis of an axis 1	leaflet provided at every outcome	
	psychiatric disorder.	assessment visit.	
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 914	Follow-up time: 60 months	
Kim et al., 2018	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
South Korea	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation: Case	Number of participants who
Case management	Female: 54 percent	management	completed the 4-week case
face-to-face or by	Age: 38.5 percent control 20–39 years	Description: Four weeks of case	management service: 182/844
phone	old, 44.5 percent intervention 40–59	management with weekly face-to-face	(21.6 percent) of the participants
Controlled study	years old	or telephone interviews provided by	completed the 4-week case
	Marital status: 22 percent	social workers consisting of detailed	management service.
	Military population: Civilian	psychological assessment	
	Comorbidities: Depressive disorder:	Target: Person who attempted suicide	Retention
	44.4 percent; adjustment disorder: 7.1		NK
	percent; bipolar disorder: 5.6 percent		
	Fligibility oritorio, Individuale	No intervention or receiving tewer than	
	presenting to the emorgonov	4 WEEKS OF SELVICE	
	department of Illean University Hospital		
	from August 28, 2013, to July 31, 2017	Follow-up time: 12 months	
	for a suicide attempt		
1			
Kim et al., 2018 South Korea Case management face-to-face or by phone Controlled study	suicide, were admitted to the emergency department, and had a primary diagnosis of an axis 1 psychiatric disorder. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: Patient Number of participants: 914 Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 54 percent Age: 38.5 percent control 20–39 years old, 44.5 percent intervention 40–59 years old Marital status: 22 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: Depressive disorder: 44.4 percent; adjustment disorder: 7.1 percent; bipolar disorder: 5.6 percent History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: Individuals presenting to the emergency department of Ulsan University Hospital from August 28, 2013, to July 31, 2017, for a suicide attempt	department stay by the case manager or psychiatrist, and an information leaflet provided at every outcome assessment visit. Follow-up time: 60 months Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation: Case management Description: Four weeks of case management with weekly face-to-face or telephone interviews provided by social workers consisting of detailed psychological assessment Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator No intervention or receiving fewer than 4 weeks of service No case management Follow-up time: 12 months	Uptake Number of participants who completed the 4-week case management service: 182/844 (21.6 percent) of the participants completed the 4-week case management service. Retention NR

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	Number of participants: 844		
Kim et al., 2020 Korea Flexible, continuous case management program Controlled study	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 61 percent Age: Intervention group: 14.7 percent > 24, 35 percent 25–44, 26.3 percent 45– 50, 22.9 percent > 60; Control group: 11.8 percent > 24, 41.2 percent 25–44, 26.5 percent 45–59, 20.6 percent > 60 Marital status: 55 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: With somatic illness: 34.7 percent case management; Mood disorder: 49.5 percent case management, 38.3 percent no-case management; Psychotic disorder: 2.9 percent case management, 0.9 percent no-case management; Substance use disorder: 15.5 percent case management, 16.4 percent no-case management, 30.2 percent no-case management; No axis I disorder: 6.7 percent case management History of suicide attempts: 26.6 percent case management Eligibility criteria: Patients from the emergency room of a teaching hospital in South Korea, who survived from suicide attempt Unit of randomization: NA Number of participants: 489	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation Description: A flexible and continuous case management including three phases: (1) the crisis management conducted in weeks one, two, and four; (2) the intensive management conducted in weeks eight, 12, and 16; (3) the maintenance conducted continuously unless the patients refused. Every contact was conducted in person or via a telephone call. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Usual care Usual care included psychosocial assessment, psychiatric interview, and education at an emergency room plus arranging the schedule for outpatient psychiatric clinic. Follow-up time: 28.5 months	Uptake Number of suicide attempters who participated in the case management program: 72 percent of all suicide attempters participated in the case management program with their own consent. Retention NR
Kocmur, Dernovšek, and Tavčar, 1998 Slovenia Outpatient Controlled study	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 38 percent Age: 32.1(9.7) Marital status: 38 percent Military population: Civilian	Intervention Category/type: Medication: Paroxentine Description: Paroxentine (20 or 40 mg daily) Target: Person who attempted suicide	Uptake NR Retention Number of participants who completed the intervention: 2

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	Comorbidities: Personality disorder:	Comparator	
	100 percent	Placebo	
	History of suicide attempts: 75	NR	
	percent had one to three, 25 percent		
	had four or more previous suicide	Follow-up time: 12 months	
	attempts.	•	
	Eligibility criteria: Patients aged 18-		
	65 years, outpatients or inpatients with		
	personality disorder, at least two		
	episodes of suicidal behavior and able		
	to provide informed consent		
	Unit of randomization: NA		
	Number of participants: 16		
LaCroix et al., 2018	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Henry M. Jackson	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	Number of participants who
Foundation for the	Female: 31 percent	Cognitive therapy	agreed to enroll: 36/52 of the
Advancement of	Age: 31(9.8)	Description: Post-admission cognitive	eligible participants agreed to enroll
Military Medicine and	Marital status: 39 percent	therapy (PACT) was six 60–90-minute	
Congressionally	Military population: Service member	cognitive behavioral therapy sessions	Retention
Directed Medical	Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marine	provided over three days	NR
Research Programs	Corps Navy	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
2018: Henry M.	Comorbidities: Major depressive		
Jackson Foundation	disorder: 86.1 percent	Comparator	
for the Advancement	History of suicide attempts: 85.7	Enhanced usual care	
of Military Medicine	percent having made multiple suicide	The enhanced usual care (EUC)	
and National Alliance	attempts	condition consisted of the usual care	
for Research on	Eligibility criteria: Military service	that patients received while on the	
Schizophrenia and	members and adult beneficiaries over	inpatient unit in addition to the	
Depression 2018	the age of 18 hospitalized due to a	assessment procedures provided as	
Ghahramanlou-	recent suicide attempt, with a	part of this study. Usual care varied	
Holloway 2012	documented inpatient admission record	depending on the individual but	
Neely, 2013:	of diagnosed acute stress disorder or	commonly included aroup	
NCT01356186	PTSD ⁻ individuals who were admitted	psychotherapy recreation therapy art	
USA	for self-inflicted harm with no intent to	therapy, and medication management.	
Inpatient	die by suicide, who did not have the		
RCT	medical capacity to participate, or who	Follow-up time: Three months	
	were currently in an active state of		
	psychosis were not eligible.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 36		
Lahoz, Hvid, and	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Wang, 2016	attempted suicide	Category/type: Outreach	
Denmark	Female: 71 percent		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Emergency	Age: 33.5 (17.6) women, 46 (15.3) men	Description: A rapid and active	Number of participants who
department	Marital status: NR	outreach intervention provided by a	agreed to enroll: 133/200 of the
RCT	Military population: Civilian	team of one psychiatrist and two nurses	eligible participants agreed to enroll
	Comorbidities: NR	offering immediate contact within days	
	History of suicide attempts: 38	after a suicide attempt, while the patient	Retention
	percent had a prior suicide attempt	was still in hospital and followed up	Number of participants who
	Eligibility criteria: Patients who were	after discharge, by personal contact,	dropped out: 4
	in the catchment area. Schizophrenia	telephone calls, letters, text messaging,	
	and psychotic states, bipolar affective	and email over six months.	
	disorder and severe and/or psychotic	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	depression, mental retardation, and		
	severe dementia were excluded. Other	Comparator	
	exclusion criteria were age less than 12	Usual care	
	years and language problems.	Patients discharged after a suicide	
	Number of participantes 122	allempt and randomized to non-	
	Number of participants. 155	acruice from the project. They were	
		recommended to seek advice from their	
		deperal practitioner who could	
		whenever deemed relevant refer the	
		patient to psychiatric or psychological	
		treatment. They received one telephone	
		call after half a vear.	
		,	
		Follow-up time: 60 months	
Lauterbach et al.,	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
2008	attempted suicide	Category/type: Medication: Lithium	Number of participants who
University Hospital	Female: 62 percent intervention, 53	Description: Administered by using a	agreed to enroll: 167/709 of the
Schleswig-Holstein,	percent control	fixed schedule of dose augmentation	eligible participants agreed to
German Federal	Age: 39.6(3.9) Intervention, 39.3(13)	(increase of 200 mg/week until a	participate
Ministry of Education	Control	sufficient blood level was attained) for	- / //
and Research, Sanofi,	Marital status: 33 percent intervention,	12 months	Retention
Dreader Universität	32 percent control	arget: Person who attempted suicide	Number of participants who
Bopp Charitá	Comorbidition: Substance use	Comparator	uropped out: 40
University and	disorder: intervention 6.0 percent	Placebo	
University of Erlangen-	control 10.8 percent: anxiety disorder:	Administered by using a fixed schedule	
Nürnberg, 2007	intervention 8.3 percent control 6.0	of dose augmentation (increase of 200	
Rombold et al., 2014	percent: personality disorder:	mg/week).	
NCT00520026	intervention 52.9 percent. control 31.1	<u> </u>	
Germany	percent	Follow-up time: 14 months	
Outpatient	History of suicide attempts:	•	
RCT	Intervention 51.7 percent and control		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Liberman and Eckman, 1981 USA Inpatient RCT	31.3 percent with a history of multiple suicide attempts Eligibility criteria: Patients with a suicide attempt within three months prior to the first drug administration; occurrence of suicide attempt within the context of a depressive spectrum disorder; minimum age of 18 years; ability to complete screening and baseline assessment; ability to provide written informed consent; individuals were excluded in case of diagnoses also associated with frequent suicidal behavior such as schizophrenia, borderline personality disorder with severe self-harm or substance-related disorders (current addiction). Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 167 Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 67 percent Age: 29.67(8.82) Marital status: 33 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: 2.92 (NR) Eligibility criteria: Patients who had at least one previous suicide attempt in the preceding two years and were nonpsychotic, without organic brain syndrome, and did not have a substance abuse problem. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 24	Intervention Category/type: Psychotherapy: Behavior Therapy Description: Four hours of behavior therapy per day over eight days provided by a psychologist, including 17 hours of social skills training, ten hours of anxiety management training, and five hours of family negotiation and contingency contracting. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator PsychotherapyInsight-Oriented Therapy Insight-oriented psychotherapy was provided by experienced psychologists and consisted of 17 hours of psychodrama and 10 hours of group therapy and 5 hours of family therapy. Suicide attempters Follow-up time: 24 months	Uptake NR Retention NR

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Lin et al., 2020	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Shen-Ing Liu and	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy: Brief	Number of patients who received
National Science	Female: 72 percent	cognitive-based psychosocial	at least one session of
Council, Taiwan, 2014	Age: 33	intervention	intervention: Of 72 subjects
NCT00664872	Marital status: 42 percent, 29 percent	Description: At least six cognitive-	assigned to intervention group, 18
Taiwan	Military population: Civilian	based psychotherapy sessions in-	(25 percent) patients refused
Remote	Comorbidities: Lifetime psychiatric	person or through telephone in the four	intervention; 17 (23.6 percent)
RCI	admission: 8.76 percent; Every previous	months following the suicide attempt in	could not be reached; 37 (51.4
	psychiatric clinic visit: 59.2 percent;	addition to routine care and standard	percent) patients received at least
	Mean PHQ-9 score (SD): 12.13 (6.31);	case management.	one session of intervention, with a
	(0.41): Moon BSSL poorts (SD): 20.9	arget: Person who attempted suicide	mean of 5.92 therapy sessions
	(9.41), Median BSSI Score (SD), 10.54	Comparator	face accelere and 2 21 tolophone
	(0.13), Median BIS score (IQR). 11 (8.15–12): Median PSIS score (IQR): 7	Routine care and routine case	
	(4-11): Median SAD PERSONDS score	management	363310113
	(IOR): 4 (3–6): Binolar and related	Treatment as usual includes case	Retention
	disorders: 14 percent: Depressive	management	Number of participants who
	disorders: 36.7 percent: Alcohol use	indiagonion	completed six-month follow up:
	disorder: 38.2 percent: Ever other	Follow-up time: 12 months	49
	substance use: 21.4 percent; Ever or		Number of participants who
	now hypnotics use: 74.8 percent; Ever		completed 12-month follow-up:
	or current antidepressants use: 49.7		55
	percent		
	History of suicide attempts: 29		
	percent		
	Eligibility criteria: Adult patients who		
	had a suicide attempt, have current		
	suicide ideation, are able to		
	communicate and to be contacted by		
	phone or mailing address; those		
	medically or cognitively unable to		
	propodure or who are participate in the study		
	procedure or who are participating in		
	programs were excluded		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 147		
Linehan et al. 2015	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
University of	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy	Number of participants who
Washington and	Female: 100 percent	Description: Standard DBT divided into	agreed to enroll: 99/118 of the
National Institute of	Age: 30.3(8.9)	the following four weekly components:	eligible participants agreed to enroll
Mental Health, 2012	Marital status: NR	individual therapy, group skills training,	
NCT00183651	Military population: Civilian	therapist consultation team, and as-	Retention
USA			Number of dropouts: 8

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Outpatient	Comorbidities: Major depressive	needed between-session telephone	
RCT	disorder: 98 percent; any anxiety	coaching. Treatment lasts for a year.	
	disorder: 90 percent; substance use	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	disorder: /1 percent; eating disorder: 39		
	percent	Comparator	
	History of suicide attempts: NR	No control group	
	Eligibility criteria: Participants who	PSycholnerapy	
	meet the chiefia for bordenine	DBT skill training without individual	
	two suicido attempts and/or populicidal	Suicido attemptore	
	self-injury (NSSI) episodes in the past	Suicide allemplers	
	five years an NSSI act or suicide	Follow-up time: 24 months	
	attempt in the eight weeks before		
	screening, and a suicide attempt in the		
	past year.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 99		
LoParo et al., 2018	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Emory University,	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	NR
2021	Female: 53 percent	Cognitively based compassion training	
NCT03463980	Age: 42.4 (10.9)	Description: Six weekly 90-minute	Retention
USA	Marital status: NR	cognitively based compassion therapy	Number of participants who
Outpatient	Military population: Civilian	group sessions that incorporated the	completed the intervention: 52
RCI	Comorbidities: NR	standard meditative practices of	
	History of suicide attempts: 4.8 (5.4)	and mindfulness as prosureers to using	
	Fligibility criteric: These who colf	and minimumess as precursors to using	
	identified as African American and who	compassionate analysis of oneself and	
	had attempted suicide within the	others	
	previous year were invited to	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	participate: individuals were excluded if		
	they exhibited high levels of psychotic	Comparator	
	symptoms or low levels of cognitive	Social support group	
	functioning.	The six-week non-CBCT support group	
	Unit of randomization: Patient	sessions were also 90 minutes in	
	Number of participants: 252	length. They were unstructured and did	
		not include any elements of	
		compassion-based meditation.	
		Suicide attempters	
		Follow-up time: Two months	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Marasinghe et al.,	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
2012	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation	NR
Sri Lanka	Female: 100 percent	Description: The intervention included	
Remote	Age: 34 (17) intervention, 31 (16)	one-time training in problem-solving	Retention
RCT	control	therapy, meditation, brief intervention to	NR
	Marital status: 48 percent intervention,	increase social support, advice on	
	52 percent control	alcohol and other drugs, and mobile	
	Military population: Civilian	follow-ups.	
	Comorbidities: NR	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	History of suicide attempts: NR		
	Eligibility criteria: Participants who	Comparator	
	were admitted to the hospital after self-	Usual care	
	harm, were aged 15–74, displayed	Delayed brief mobile treatment	
	significant suicidal intent, likely to be	delivered six months post-	
	discharged within two days, and able to	hospitalization	
	give informed consent; participants with	Suicide attempters	
	ongoing psychiatric treatment, current		
	or history of treated psychosis,	Follow-up time: Six months	
	diagnosis of dementia were excluded.	•	
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 34		
Matsubara et al., 2019	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Japan	attempted suicide	Category/type: Outreach: Combining	NR
Remote	Female: NR	phone and postcard brief contact	
Controlled study	Age: NR	interventions	Retention
	Marital status: NR	Description: Combining phone and	NR
	Military population: Civilian	postcard brief contact: psychiatrist calls	
	Comorbidities: NR	patients between the 10th and 21st day	
	History of suicide attempts: NR	after discharge followed by a phone	
	Eligibility criteria: Individuals who	intervention; sending postcard at the 4th	
	were over 20 years of age and who	and 8th weeks.	
	were admitted to emergency units	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	following suicide attempts.		
	Unit of randomization: NA	Comparator	
	Number of participants: 48	Usual care	
		Treatment as usual	
		Follow-up time: three months	
McCauley et al., 2018	Type of participants: Both people who	Intervention	Uptake
Seattle Children's	have attempted suicide and family	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	Number of participants who
Hospital, University of	members	Dialectical Behavior Therapy	agreed to enroll: 173/195 of
California Los	Female: 95 percent		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Angeles, and National Institute of Mental Health, 2016 NCT01528020 USA Outpatient RCT	Age: 14.89 (1.47) Marital status: 55 percent (parents) Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: Depressive disorder: 83.81 percent; anxiety disorder: 54.10 percent; eating disorder: 0.68 percent; borderline personality disorder: 53.20 percent History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: Participants had at least 1 lifetime suicide attempt, elevated past-month suicidal ideation (≥ 24 on the Suicidal Ideation Questionnaire Junior [SIQ-JR], self-injury repetition (≥3 lifetime self-harm episodes, including 1 in the 12 weeks before screening), 3 or more borderline personality disorder criteria, and age of 12 to 18 years; participants with IQ less than 70 on the Kauffman Brief Intelligence Test; primary problem of psychosis, mania, anorexia, or life-threatening condition; without English fluency; and parent without English fluency; and parent without English or Spanish fluency were excluded. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 173	Description: Dialectical behavior therapy consisting of weekly individual psychotherapy, multifamily group skills training, youth and parent telephone coaching, and weekly therapist team consultation for six months. Parents were seen individually in session one and offered seven or more family sessions. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Psychotherapy: client-centered supportive therapy Individual and group supportive therapy included individual sessions, adolescent supportive group therapy, as-needed parent sessions (≤ 7 sessions), and weekly therapist team consultation for six months Suicide attempters and family members Follow-up time: 12 months	participants who met inclusion criteria agreed to enroll Retention Number of participants who completed the intervention: 66
Mishara, Houle, and Lavoie, 2005 Canada Psychoeducation for family and friends Pre-post	Type of participants: Family members Female: 82 percent Age: NR Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: Family and friends who called Suicide Action Montreal concerning a suicidal man who was between 18 and 69, had already attempted suicide at least once, and could be diagnosed with depression, substance abuse or alcoholism. Unit of randomization: NA Number of participants: 131	Intervention Category/type: Prevention: training for family and friends Description: One of four types of program were provided to the family and friends: information session, information session with follow-up, rapid referral, and telephone support Target: Person who attempted suicide and family member(s) Comparator Pre-intervention data Pre-intervention data Follow-up time: Six months	Uptake Number of family and friends who accepted to participate in the program offered: 131/355 (36.9 percent) accepted to participate in the program Retention NR

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Möller, 1992	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Mõller, 1989	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy: crisis	Number of participants who
Germany	Female: NR	support and motivation for treatment	accepted aftercare: 49
In-hospital crisis	Age: NR	compliance	
intervention followed	Marital status: NR	Description: Twelve sessions of	Retention
by outpatient	Military population: Civilian	ambulatory short-term psychotherapy	Number of participants who
psychotherapy with	Comorbidities: NR	over three months that was provided by	remained in therapy for more
the same provider	History of suicide attempts: NR	the clinician who had already been in	than 5 sessions: 26
RUI	Eligibility criteria: Participants had to	charge of the patient in the hospital with	
	nave no current psychotherapy, strong		
	live in the Munich area: they were	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	excluded if they had a diagnosis of	rarget. Ferson who allempted suicide	
	nsychosis or were admitted because of	Comparator	
	a drug overdose	Usual care	
	Unit of randomization: Patient	Psychotherapy: non-specific.	
	Number of participants: 226	predominantly psychodynamic	
		Standard care including crisis	
		intervention during hospital stay and	
		aftercare planning.	
		Immediate crisis intervention (three	
		sessions) and subsequent referral to	
		special suicide prevention services.	
		Suicide attempters	
		Follow up time: 12 months	
		ronow-up une. 12 monuts	
Montgomery and	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Montgomery, 1982a	attempted suicide	Category/type: Medication: oral	NR
Montgomery et al.,	Female: 68 percent	antidepressant, Mianserin	
1979	Age: 35.1(12.24) intervention,	Description: Patients are given a low	Retention
UK	36.2(13.38) control	dose of an oral antidepressant,	NR
Outpatient	Marital status: NR	mianserin (30mg nightly), for six months	
RCT	Military population: Civilian	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	Comorbidities: Personality disorders:	O	
	History of suiside attacentes 2.0	Comparator	
	Fligibility criteria: Dationts with a	Flacebo	
	history of two or more documented	Follow-up time: Six months	
	episodes of suicidal behavior: who were	i onow-up une. Ok monuis	
	diagnosed with a personality disorder.		
	and who were not suffering from		
	schizophrenia, depression, or organic		
	illnesses.		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 38		
Montgomery, 1982b	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
UK	attempted suicide	Category/type: Medication:	NR
Outpatient	Female: 70 percent	Flupenthixol	
RCT	Age: 38.2(15.53) intervention, 31.9(11)	Description: A low dose of 20mg of a	Retention
	control	neuroleptic Flupenthixol every four	NR
	Marital status: NR	weeks for six months	
	Military population: Civilian	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	Comorbidities: Personality disorders:		
	100 percent	Comparator	
	History of suicide attempts: 4.8	Placebo	
	Eligibility criteria: Patients with a	NR	
	history of two or more documented		
	episodes of suicidal behavior; who were	Follow-up time: Six months	
	diagnosed with a personality disorder;		
	and who were not suffering from		
	schizophrenia, depression, or organic		
	illnesses.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 30		
Montgomery et al.,	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
1994	attempted suicide	Category/type: Medication: Fluoxetine	NR
UK	Female: NR	Description: Six-month treatment of 60	
Outpatient	Age: NR	mg of fluoxetine twice weekly	Retention
RCI	Marital status: NR	larget: Person who attempted suicide	NR
	Military population: Civilian		
		Comparator	
	History of suicide attempts: NR		
	Eligibility criteria: Patients attending a	Given placebo twice weekly	
	psychiatric clinic with a history of two of	Collow we time a Civ months	
	more suicide allempts but who were not	Follow-up time: Six months	
	supering from major depression		
	Unit of randomization: Dationt		
	Number of participants: 107		
Mouaffak et al. 2015	Type of participants: Pooplo who have	Intervention	Untako
Assistance Publique	attempted suicide	Category/type: Screening	Number of patients in the
Hônitaux de Parie	Female: 74 nercent	Description: The telephone calls given	intervention group who
2013	Ane: 39(13) intervention	at two weeks nost-discharge as well as	responded to telephone caller
NCT01176929	38 6(13 3) control	at months one and three consisted of a	101
France	Marital status: NR	brief psychological assessment as well	
Outpatient	Military population: Civilian	as of the risk of suicide (item 10 of the	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
RCT	Comorbidities: Moderate to severe	Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating	63 percent of the intervention
	depressive disorders: 27.1 percent	Scale) followed by an evaluation of the	participants responded to
	control, 30.3 percent intervention;	adherence to mental health services.	telephone calls
	trauma and stressor related disorders:	Target: Person who attempted suicide	Number of participants who
	29.6 percent control, 27.8 percent		agreed to enroll: All eligible
	intervention; personality disorders: 15.9	Comparator	participants agreed to enroll
	percent control, 17.1 percent	Usual care	
	intervention	Received a letter informing them of the	Retention
	History of suicide attempts: 51.9	result of the randomization process and	NR
	percent of the intervention group	another reminder letter in the 1st, 6th,	
	reported at least one suicide attempt	and 11th month.	
	and 47.9 percent of the control group		
	reported at least one suicide attempt.	Follow-up time: 12 months	
	Eligibility criteria: Suicidal participants		
	who were admitted to the psychiatry		
	douting working bours: man and		
	women aged 18 or elder surviving a		
	suicide attempt discharged from the		
	emergency department and referred to		
	an outpatient follow-up program after a		
	stay of less than 72 hours giving		
	consent, able to be contacted by phone		
	(not incarcerated or homeless) and able		
	to communicate in French without an		
	interpreter.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 320		
Mousav et al., 2014	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Iran	attempted suicide	Category/type: Outreach: Telephone	NR
Emergency	Female: 63 percent	follow-up contacts	
department	Age: 65 percent intervention, 51	Description: The intervention group	Retention
RCT	percent control were 15–25 years old	was followed up with seven phone calls	NR
	Marital status: 47 percent	by a psychiatric final-year resident after	
	Military population: Civilian	discharge over six months to evaluate	
	Comorbidities: Chronic psychiatric	and document present condition.	
	alsorder: 80 percent intervention, 77	Guidance about better coping with	
	percent control	narmiul conditions and reducing	
	nistory of suicide attempts: 05.2	suesses—and referrals to psychiatrist,	
	control reported that they attempted	psychologist, or social worker in case of	
	suicide at least twice	Target: Person who attempted suicido	
	Fligibility criteria: 15 years old and	Target. Terson who allempted suicide	
	older history of at least two suicide	Comparator	
	older, history of at least two suicide	Comparator	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	attempts, and the possibility of	Usual care	
	telephone contact after discharge;	No intervention	
	patients with another threatening		
	disease which needs an emergency	Follow-up time: Six months	
	intervention (like surgery, or ICU), after		
	participation, and discontinuity of		
	participation after primary consent, and		
	death before discharge were excluded.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 139		
Naidoo, Gathiram, and	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Schlebusch, 2014	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation:	Number of participants who
South Africa	Female: 75 percent	Buddy intervention	agreed to enroll: 688/690 of the
Outpatient	Age: 40 percent 20–29 years old	Description: One one-hour session of	participants who met inclusion
RCT	Marital status: 26 percent	individual psychotherapy and	criteria agreed to enroll
	Military population: Civilian	information sharing as close to the time	
	Comorbidities: NR	of discharge as possible, aimed at	Retention
	History of suicide attempts: NR	education and increasing awareness of	Number of participants who
	Eligibility criteria: Adult patients aged	available resources; participants	withdrew or were lost to follow-
	18 years and older and treated in the	nominated "buddles" who were trained	up: 13
	emergency units or admitted to the	In three workshops, each lasting four	Number of participants who
	snort- or long-stay wards in either	nours, to provide basic counseling and	withdrew: 1
	nospital following a suicide attempt	facilitate specialized referral if required.	
	during the study period September	larget: Person who attempted suicide	
	2007-March 2010.	Compositor	
	Number of porticipanto: 689	Comparator	
	Number of participants: 000	information charing	
		Dertisinants in the central group were	
		followed up to assess personal well	
		boing further suicidal attempts and	
		need for medical or specialist	
		assistance. This included counseling	
		similar to that conducted in the	
		experimental arm	
		Suicide attempters	
		Follow-up time: 18 months	
		• • • •	
O'Connor et al., 2017	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
ISRCTN, 2012	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation	Number of participants who
ISRCTN99488269	Female: 63 percent	Description: An implementation	agreed to enroll: 518/647 of the
UK		intentions-based brief, self-directed	eligible participants agreed to enroll

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Inpatient RCT	Age: 36.50 (14.59) intervention, 36.07 (12.77) control Marital status: 22 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: 1.65 (0.88) intervention, 1.54 (0.93) control Eligibility criteria: Participants were over the age of 16 years, admitted to acute care unit, had a self-reported history of self-harm, were fluent in English, were medically fit to interview, and were not participating in other research studies within the hospital. Unit of randomization: Patient	psychological intervention (a volitional help sheet; VHS) given in hospital within 24 hours of a suicide attempt to reduce future self-harm. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Treatment as usual plus psychosocial assessment Follow-up time: Six months	Retention Number of the intervention participants who completed the intervention: 248/259 of the intervention participants completed the intervention
O'Connor et al., 2015 University of Washington, 2015 NCT01355848 USA Inpatient RCT	Type of participants: 518 Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 27 percent Age: 43.67(13.13) intervention, 39.02(14.43) control Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: 4.14 (4.42) intervention, 10.21(18.4) control Eligibility criteria: Patients who were admitted for self-directed violence with intent to die. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 30	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation Description: The Teachable Moment Brief Intervention (TMBI) occurs during inpatient treatment and is informed by the Collaborative Assessment and Management of Suicide (CAMS) and Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT). The goal is to help the patient identify the factors underlying their suicidal ideation and active suicide-related problem solving. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Assessment and management of suicidal ideation by the Adult Psychiatry Consultation Service and assistance in disposition planning Suicide attempters Follow-up time: 1 month	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 31/35 of the eligible participants agreed to enroll Retention NR
Oquendo et al., 2011 Oquendo et al., 2012 USA	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide	Intervention Category/type: Medication: Lithium	Uptake

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Outpatient	Female: 76 percent Lithium, 69 percent	Description: Lithium (target blood level	Number of participants who
RCT	Valproate	0.6–1.0 mEq/dl) plus adjunctive	agreed to enroll: 98/104 of the
	Age: 33(11) Lithium, 34(10) Valproate	medications for depression and/or	eligible participants agreed to enroll
	Marital status: 19 percent Lithium, 25	psychosis	
	percent Valproate	Target: Person who attempted suicide	Retention
	Military population: Civilian	-	Average time in the study (days)
	Comorbidities: Bipolar disorder: 100	Comparator	Average time in the study was not
	percent; depressed mood: 85 percent;	Pharmacological treatment: Valproate	significantly different between the
	anxiety disorder: 47 percent	(target blood level 45–125 µg/ml) plus	lithium and valproate groups
	History of suicide attempts: NR	adjunctive medications for depression	
	Eligibility criteria: Patients had a	and/or psychosis	
	DSM-IV diagnosis of a bipolar disorder	Suicide attempters	
	and were in a depressive or mixed	Fellow up time: 20 months	
	attempt: 19 to 75 years of ago:	Follow-up time. 30 montais	
	exclusion criteria were lack of canacity		
	to provide informed consent: pregnancy		
	or lactation: active medical problems		
	including substance abuse problems		
	requiring detoxification: contraindication		
	to use of lithium or valproate: a history		
	of nonresponse to adequate dosages of		
	either lithium or valproate in the past		
	two years; contraindication to the use of		
	adjunctive antidepressants if in a		
	depressed state or adjunctive		
	antipsychotics if in a mixed or psychotic		
	depressed state.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 98		
Patsiokas and Clum,	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
1985	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	NR
USA	Female: NR	Cognitive restructuring	
Outpatient	Age: NR	Description: Ten one-hour sessions	Retention
RCT	Marital status: NR	conducted over three weeks to identify	NR
	Military population: Civilian	cognitions, distortions, and related	
	Comorbidities: NR	strategies	
	History of suicide attempts: NR	I arget: Person who attempted suicide	
	Eligibility criteria: Suicide attempters	O	
	without a diagnosis of psychosis,		
	alconolism, or substance abuse	nonurective control; psychotherapy	
	Number of participants, 15	problem-solving inerapy	
	Number of participants: 15	open discussion accurred on their	
		open discussion occurred on their	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
		suicidal behavior, problems, and daily lives	
		Ten sessions of problem-solving	
		psychotherapy	
		Suicide attempters	
		Follow-up time: 1 month	
Reijas et al., 2013	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Spain	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	NR
Outpatient	Female: 74 percent	Cognitive behavioral therapy	
Controlled study	Age: 39.63(16.21)	Description: Intervention consists of at	Retention
	Marital status: NR	least ten sessions over six months	NR
	Comprehidition: Civilian	larget: Person who attempted suicide	
	percent: personality disorder: 21.8	Comparator	
	percent; adaptive disorder: 44.2 percent	Historical cohort receiving conventional	
	History of suicide attempts: 0.87(1.4)	therapy	
	Eligibility criteria: Patients seen in the	In conventional therapy, the patient is	
	emergency service after a suicide	initially seen by the nursing staff with a	
	attempt who did or did not require	welcoming interview and then by a	
	hospital admission and who were	psychiatrist and/or clinical psychologist	
	subsequently referred for outpatient	Colleve un times 10 menthe	
	first visit	Follow-up time: 12 months	
	Unit of randomization: NA		
	Number of participants: 191		
Rotheram-Borus et al.,	Type of participants: Both people who	Intervention	Uptake
2000	have attempted suicide and their family	Category/type: Psychoeducation	Number of participants who
Rotheram-Borus et al.,	members	Description: A 20 minute "soap opera	agreed to enroll: 150/158 of the
1996	Female: 100 percent	video" regarding suicidality was shown	eligible participants agreed to enroll
USA	Age: 14.9 (1.4)	to all suicide attempts and their mothers	Detention
Emergency	Marital status: 47.7 percent (mothers)	aimed at enhancing adherence to	
	Comorbidities: NP	session: and training for staff	
Controlled Sludy	History of suicide attempts: 30 7	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	percent had a history of previous	and family member(s)	
	suicide attempt		
	Eligibility criteria: Participants who	Comparator	
	were admitted for a suicide attempt,	Usual care	
	aged 12–18 years old, not	Evaluation by a pediatrician and a child	
	psychiatrically hospitalized for more	psychiatry fellow or psychiatric resident	
	than one week, temale, and who were	to determine whether the suicide	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	not referred to hospitals outside New	attempt was serious enough for either	
	York.	medical or psychiatric hospitalization.	
	Unit of randomization: NA		
	Number of participants: 140	Follow-up time: 18 months	
Salkovskis, Atha, and	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Storer, 1990	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychotherapy:	NR
UK	Female: 50 percent	Cognitive behavioral problem-solving	
Inpatient/ home-based	Age: 26.4 (6.0) intervention, 28.5 (7.9)	Description: Participants were	Retention
treatment	control	provided five sessions of one-hour	NR
RCT	Marital status: 30 percent	treatment delivered by community	
	Military population: Civilian	psychiatric nurses using a problem-	
	Comorbidities: NR	solving approach.	
	History of suicide attempts: 2.6(0.9)	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	intervention, 3.0(0.9) control		
	Eligibility criteria: Patients aged 16 to	Comparator	
	65 living within the Leeds Western	Usual care	
	Health Authority boundary and of fixed	The duty psychiatrist decided whether	
	abode, not judged by the assessing	patients required and would benefit	
	psychiatrist to require immediate	from the range of treatment options	
	psychiatric treatment, not at present	normally available.	
	suffering from a psychotic or serious		
	organic illness, and meeting two of the	Follow-up time: 12 months	
	following criteria: (1) there had been two		
	or more previous suicide attempts, (2)		
	antidepressants had been taken as part		
	of an overdose, and (3) patients scored		
	at least 4 on the six-point scale devised		
	by Buglass and Horton (1974) to predict		
	repeated suicidal behavior.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 20		Undelse
Spirito et al., 2002	i ype of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
USA		Category/type: Other Intervention:	Number of participants who
	remaie: 90 percent	Standard Disposition Planning Plus	agreed to enroll: 76/82 (93
RUI		Compliance Enhancement Intervention	percent) of the eligible participants
	Military population: Civilian	disposition planning and hour	agreed to enroll
		uisposition planning, one-nour	Number of outpatient therapy
	Listen of quiside attempts: 0.5 (0.0)	to review expectations for subscient	Sessions: /./
	intervention 0.6 (1.0) control	treatment and address treatment	Betention
	Fligibility criteria: Adeleggente aged	misconcontions: to review with	Retention
	12 to 19 years who had made a suiside	adelegeents and perents these factors	
	12 to 16 years who had made a suicide	addrescents and parents those factors	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	attempt and were receiving medical care in either the ED or pediatrics ward of a children's hospital in the Northeast. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 76	that might impede treatment attendance; and to make a verbal contract between parents and adolescent to attend at least four outpatient therapy sessions. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Patient disposition was based on the judgment of the psychiatric clinician who conducted the evaluation. Some attempters in both groups had a brief inpatient psychiatric stay prior to receiving outpatient care. The remainder were provided with an outpatient appointment at the local mental health center. Follow-up time: 3 months	Number of participants who were lost to follow-up or dropped out: 7 Percentage of participants who terminated treatment prematurely: In the compliance enhancement group, 42 percent of the families reported stopping treatment prematurely compared with 52 percent in the standard core group. This difference was not statistically significant.
Stewart et al., 2009 Australia Outpatient RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 53 percent Age: 20–58 Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR Eligibility criteria: People with a recent suicide attempt and reported suicidal intent, over the age of 18, without intellectual disability or a current manic or psychotic illness Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 32	Intervention Category/type: Psychotherapy: CBT Description: Seven weekly one-hour sessions of CBT administered by the researcher Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Problem-solving therapy Treatment as usual 4 weekly 1-hour sessions of problem- solving therapy administered by the researcher provides participants with skills to find more positive solutions to stressors, feel less hopeless, and choose solutions other than suicide Suicide attempters Follow-up time: 2 months	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 98/241 of the eligible participants agreed to enroll Retention Number of participants who completed the intervention: 11

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Sturm et al., 2012	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Germany	attempted suicide	Category/type: Other intervention:	NR
Hiking plus TAU	Female: 70 percent	Hiking	
RCT	Age: 45.1 (10.4) Group 1, 41 (6.3)	Description: Interventions consisted of	Retention
	Group 2	a nine-week monitored hiking program.	NR
	Marital status: NR	Three hikes (on Mondays,	
	Military population: Civilian	Wednesdays, and Fridays) were offered	
	Comorbidities: NR	each week. Participants were invited to	
	History of suicide attempts: 70	participate at least twice per week.	
	percent Group 1 and 50 percent Group	Each hike lasted 2–3 hours and	
	2 had two or more suicide attempts	occurred at an intensity of 65–75	
	Eligibility criteria: Patients with a high	percent according to the Karvonen	
	suicide risk (defined as at least one	formula.	
	reported previous suicide attempt), a	larget: Person who attempted suicide	
	current BHS sum score of >26; living no	Commenter	
	(the place of the study) and a minimum	Comparator	
	(the place of the study) and a minimum	In the control phase, the participante	
	disease, cognitive impairments and	In the control phase, the participants	
	insufficient Corman skills were	than what they would be normally	
	aveluded	doing in addition to their usual	
	Unit of randomization: Patient	nsychopharmacological and	
	Number of participants: 20	nsychotheraneutic therany	
	Number of participants. 20	psycholicitapedile inclupy.	
		Follow-up time: 2 months	
Sun et al. 2014	Type of participants: Family members	Intervention	Untake
Taiwan	Female: 61 percent	Category/type: Psychoeducation	Number of participants who
Fither in hospital or at	Age: 45.4 (13.4)	Suicide education intervention	agreed to enroll: 176/256 of the
home	Marital status: 55 percent	Description: Suicide care educational	eligible participants agreed to enroll
RCT	Military population: Civilian	intervention with guidance of suicide	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Comorbidities: NR	education handbook. The intervention	Retention
	History of suicide attempts: 19	included two hours of formal personal	Number of participants who
	percent of the patients had more than	instruction using the suicide education	completed the intervention: 51
	three suicide attempts	handbook, and two individual follow-up	• • • • • • • • • •
	Eligibility criteria: Participants had to	consultations by telephone with a family	
	be older than 18 years old, be the	researcher or research assistant	
	primary caregiver, and caring for	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	individuals who had previously		
	attempted suicide or had suicidal	Comparator	
	tendencies for at least two weeks;	Usual care	
	participants having had mental	Suicide education handbook and two	
	impairments that would affect their	follow-up consultations	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	ability to fill out these questionnaires	Follow-up time: 3 months	
	were excluded		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 74		
Tiihonen et al., 2006	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Finland	attempted suicide	Category/type: Medication:	NR
National registry	Female: 51 percent	Antidepressant	
Controlled study	Age: 38.8(15.5)	Description: Monotherapy with	Retention
	Marital status: NR	antidepressants including tricyclic	NR
	Military population: Civilian	antidepressants (ICA; amitriptyline or	
	Comorbialities: NR	doxepin hydrochioride), selective	
	0 12(0 63)	fluovotino, sitalopram hydrobromido	
	Eligibility criteria: Individuals without	nuoxetine, citalopiani nyurobronnue,	
	nsychosis who were hospitalized with a	fluvoxamine maleate) and SNA	
	diagnosis of suicide attempt	(mianserin hydrochloride mirtazapine	
	Unit of randomization: NA	or venlafaxine hydrochloride).	
	Number of participants: 15.390	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
		Comparator	
		No antidepressant use	
		Follow-up time: 41 months	
Toffal at al. 2015	Turne of menticinentes Decale who have	Intervention	Untoko
Finland	attempted auioide	Intervention	
Notional registry data	Econolo: 55 percent	Description: Los of lithium	NR
Controlled study	Age: $41.7(12.8)$	antinevelotice valuroic acid	Petention
Controlled study	Marital status: NR	antipsycholics, valphole acid,	NR
	Military population: Civilian	alike following index suicide attempt	
	Comorbidities: Bipolar disorder: 100	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	percent	gen electrica attempted cubido	
	History of suicide attempts: NR	Comparator	
	Eligibility criteria: Individuals who	No lithium	
	were hospitalized in Finland because of		
	a suicide attempt between January 1,	Follow-up time: 42 months	
	1996, and December 31, 2003, and in		
	prospective screening had been		
	hospitalized due to bipolar disorder		
	before the index attempt.		
	Unit of randomization: NA		
	Number of participants: 826		

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
Vaiva et al., 2006	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Gruat et al., 2010	attempted suicide	Category/type: Outreach	Number of participants who
France	Female: 71 percent control, 78 percent	Description: The intervention consisted	agreed to enroll: 605/842 of the
Remote	telephone contact, 72 percent	of psychiatrists contacting participants	eligible participants agreed to enroll
RCT	telephone contact at three months	by telephone at one or three months	
	Age: 38(12) telephone contact at one	after discharge from an emergency	Retention
	month, 35(11) telephone contact at	department to enhance compliance with	Number of the intervention
	three months, 35(11) control	treatment and to provide brief crisis	participants who completed the
	Marital status: 51 percent control, 54	intervention when needed.	intervention: 204
	percent telephone contact at one	Target: Person who attempted suicide	204/293 of the intervention
	month, 45 percent telephone contact at		participants completed the
	three months	Comparator	intervention
	Military population: Civilian	Usual care	
	Comorbidities: Painful disease: 11	Treatment as usual; no telephone	
	percent control, 11 percent intervention;	contact	
	chronic disorder: 13 percent control, 19	Suicide attempters	
	percent intervention		
	History of suicide attempts: 9 percent	Follow-up time: 13 months	
	telephone contact at three months, 9		
	percent telephone contact at one		
	month, 9 percent control group had >		
	four suicide attempts in past three		
	years.		
	Eligibility criteria: Participants had to		
	be between 18 and 65 and had		
	attempted suicide by drug overdose,		
	had been examined by a psychiatrist		
	who agreed to their discharge from the		
	emergency department; homeless		
	patients and those addicted to illegal		
	drugs were excluded.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 605		
Valva et al., 2018	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Ортаке
University Hospital	attempted suicide	Category/type: Outreach: Brief contact	NR
Lille, 2015		Intervention	Detention
NC101123174	Age: 38.3(13.3)	Description: Brief contact intervention	Retention
France	Military nonviolitary Oblight	I or six months duration including:	Number retained at 13-month
Remote	winitary population: Civilian	details about how you profer to be	follow up: A nigner rate of lost to
KUI	Disorder 49.7 percent Duethurster 40.4	details about now you preter to be	ronow-up was round in the control
	Disorder: 48.7 percent, Dystnymia: 10.4	neiped in a crisis) during the discharge	group, with a significant between
	percent, Mania/nypomania: 3.6 percent,	process, telephone contact for those	(19.4 percent versus 12.6 percent
	Partic disorder: 11.1 percent, Social	with previous alternpts between the	(10.4 percent versus 13.6 percent
	phobia: 4.5 percent, Posttraumatic	Tuth and 21st day, and sending	in intervention group, $p = 0.38$)

stress disorder: 7.6 percent, Eating postcards at months two, three, four,	
disorder: 4.8 percent, Generalized and five.	
anxiety disorder: 13.8 percent Target: Person who attempted suicide	
History of suicide attempts: 54.2	
percent = one suicide attempt, 26.8 Comparator	
percent = two suicide attempts, 12.3 Usual care	
percent = three suicide attempts, 6.7 Treatment as usual included an	
percent = more than three suicide emergency follow-up appointment at	
attempts 24–48 hours for discharged patients	
Eligibility criteria: Patients, 18 years and a referral to a psychiatrist or	
or older, who had survived a suicide physician consultation	
attempt with suicide intent that had	
occurred within the previous seven days Follow-up time: 13 months	
and had to be contactable by phone for	
13 months; those without suicide intent,	
who were nomeless, were under	
guardianship, or presented with four or	
vers were excluded	
Unit of randomization: Patient	
Number of participants: 1 040	
van der Sande et al. Type of participants: People who have Intervention Uptake	
1997 attempted suicide Category/type: Psychoeducation Number of participation	articipants who
van der Sande. Female: 66 percent Description: Treatment consisted of a agreed to enr	roll: 274/336 of the
Buskens, and van der Age: 35.8 (15.6) intervention, 36.8 short period of admission ranging from eligible particip	pants agreed to enroll
Graaf, 1998 (14.6) control one to four days to a small unit with four	
Netherlands Marital status: 32 percent intervention, beds and nursing staff trained and Retention	
Inpatient 25 percent control supervised to provide a supportive NR	
RCT Military population: Civilian milieu for suicide attempters.	
Comorbidities: Mood disorder: Target: Person who attempted suicide	
intervention 27.9 percent, control 35.8	
percent; adjustment disorder: Comparator	
intervention 17.9 percent, control 11.4 Usual care	
Percent Routine clinical service, could consist of	
History of suicide attempts: 48.9 all currently available alternative	
percent intervention and 25.2 percent treatments.	
control had more than 1 previous	
Follow-up time: 12 months	
Lighting Chiefla. An patients over 15 years of age attending Litrecht	
Liniversity Hospital between January	
1993 and March 1995 for somatic	
treatment of the consequences of a	
suicide attempt. Patients displaying	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	habitual self-mutilation (wrist-cutting), habitual use of excessive quantities of alcohol or drugs, patients with accidental overdoses, inability to understand and write Dutch, psychiatric hospitalization, imprisonment, acute psychosis, drug or alcohol addiction, and recurrent consultations with a liaison psychiatrist during a prolonged stay and patients residing outside the catchment area were excluded. Unit of randomization: Patient		
Verkes et al., 1998 Netherlands Outpatient RCT	Number of participants: 274Type of participants: People who have attempted suicideFemale: 59 percentAge: 34.1 (11.6) intervention, 37.1 (13) controlMarital status: NRMilitary population: CivilianComorbidities: Dysthymia: 7 percent; anxiety disorder: 4 percent; dissociative disorder: 9 percent, alcohol abuse: 44 percent; adjustment disorder: 21 percent, major depressive disorder: 25 percentHistory of suicide attempts: 35 percent intervention and 27 percent control had five or more suicide attempts.Eligibility criteria: Suicide attempters who had at least one previous suicide attempt, were 18 years or older, did not have a major affective disorder, psychotic disorders, substance abuse disorder, and did not use antidepressants or antipsychotics.Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 91	Intervention Category/type: Medication: Paroxetine Description: Paroxetine (20 mg/day) for one week followed up 40 mg/day for up to 52 weeks, and supportive psychotherapy was offered on a weekly basis. Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Placebo Placebo plus supportive psychotherapy was offered on a weekly basis. Follow-up time: 12 months	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 91/145 of the participants who met inclusion criteria agreed to enroll Retention Number of participants who dropped out before 52 weeks: 35
Vitiello et al., 2009	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Brent et al., 2009; National Institute of	attempted suicide Female: 77 percent	Category/type: Psychotherapy: Cognitive behavioral therapy	NK
Mental Health (NIMH),	Age: 15.7(1.5)		Retention

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
2004; Stanley et al.,	Marital status: NR	Description: Six months of up to 22	Number who dropped out prior
2009	Military population: Civilian	sessions of manualized cognitive	of the end of the 24-week study:
NCT00080158	Comorbidities: Anxiety disorder: 54	behavioral therapy with focus on suicide	27/93 of participants dropped out
USA	percent; ADHD: 21 percent; ODD/CD:	prevention, including both individual and	
Outpatient	15.3 percent	parent-youth session, and	
Controlled study	History of suicide attempts: 43.6	antidepressant pharmacotherapy.	
	percent had a history of multiple suicide	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	attempts	and family member(s)	
	Eligibility criteria: Age 12–18 years,	• ·	
	suicide attempt in the last 90 days, met	Comparator	
	current criteria for major depressive	No control group	
	disorder, dystnymic disorder, or	Pharmacological treatment:	
	depressive disorder not otherwise	Antidepressant	
	Specified, off the Schedule for Affective	Antidepressant pharmacotherapy,	
	School Age Children Present and	case of non response by a different	
	Lifetime Version, and had a score of 36	SSRI and alternate class as step 3 with	
	or greater on the Children's Depression	the option of augmenting with lithium or	
	Rating Scale-Revised (CDRS-R)	other antidepressants	
	Unit of randomization: NA	Suicide attempters	
	Number of participants: 124		
		Follow-up time: 6 months	
Wang et al., 2016	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
Taiwan	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation	Number of participants who
Case management	Female: 73 percent	Description: There were four major	agreed to enroll: 67/78 of the
plus six-week coping	Age: 37.95(11.07)	components included in the crisis	eligible participants agreed to enroll
card training sessions	Marital status: 30 percent	coping card interventions: self-	
RCT	Military population: Civilian	awareness of suicide ideation, coping	Retention
	Comorbidities: 60.9 percent had a	strategies with suicide ideation by	Number of participants who
	psychiatric history	emotion regulation including shifting	dropped out: 1
	History of suicide attempts: 36	attention and engaging in enjoyable	
	percent	activities, help-seeking resources, and a	
	Eligibility criteria: Reported for case	24-nour crisis notine telephone number	
	attempted quiside during Japuery 2012	duration of the treatment was three	
	to December 2012, resided in Chie Vi	monthe which included six wock easing	
	City and were able to sufficiently read	card training program	
	Chinese in order to understand the	Target: Person who attempted suicide	
	coping cards: participants were	Target. I croon who allempted suicide	
	excluded if they had moved to other	Comparator	
	cities: refused to visit three times: or	Usual care	
	recipient unknown, hospitalized, or	Treatment as usual included ordinary	
	imprisoned for a month or more,	case management services, which	

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	referred to institutional establishments for a month or more, or pregnant. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 64	consisted of suicide crisis assessment, emotional support, psychological support, and referral for other resources (i.e., community-based mental health services, social welfare, and vocational training) over 3 months after the indexed suicide report Follow-up time: 3 months	
Wei et al., 2013 China Outpatient and telephone RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: 76 percent Age: 31.41 (11.95) intervention, 34.06 (15.84) active comparator, 32.12 (13.87) control Marital status: 44 percent Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: DSM-IV-TR Axis I disorders: 69.46 percent Eligibility criteria: Having made a suicide attempt; over 15 years old; had at least one contact person to enable follow-up; were able to understand the study procedures and agreed to provide written informed consent; only the first episode was considered for all enrolled patients. Unit of randomization: Patient Number of participants: 239	Intervention Category/type: Psychotherapy: Cognitive therapy Description: Cognitive therapy (ten 45- to 60-minute individual therapy sessions provided by a psychotherapist on a weekly, biweekly, or as-needed basis over three months). Target: Person who attempted suicide Comparator Usual care Telephone support No intervention except the necessary psychotropic medication if a psychiatrist advised and clinical conditions indicated Telephone intervention (12 weekly phone calls of 20–40 minutes provided by professors providing support and advice over three months). Suicide attempters Follow-up time: 12 months	Uptake Number of participants who agreed to enroll: 239/330 of the eligible participants agreed to enroll Retention Number of participants who dropped out of the intervention: 57
Welu, 1977 Welu and Picard, 1974 USA Outpatient RCT	Type of participants: People who have attempted suicide Female: NR Age: NR Marital status: NR Military population: Civilian Comorbidities: NR History of suicide attempts: NR	Intervention Category/type: Psychoeducation Description: A team of nurses, social workers, and community workers provided treatment depending on the needs of the participants weekly or biweekly for four months, including face-to-face and telephone consultation. Target: Person who attempted suicide	Uptake Number of participants who received first therapy contact: 57 Retention NR

Study Details	Participants	Intervention and Comparator	Uptake and Retention
	Eligibility criteria: Participants		
	presenting to the emergency room for a	Comparator	
	suicide attempt, older than age 16, did	Usual care	
	not reside in either university housing or	Treatment as usual	
	a caregiving institution.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient	Follow-up time: 4 months	
	Number of participants: 120		
Xu et al., 2012	Type of participants: People who have	Intervention	Uptake
China	attempted suicide	Category/type: Psychoeducation	Number of participants who
Emergency	Female: 68 percent	Description: One-hour individual	agreed to enroll: 115/115 of the
department	Age: 37.5 (14.3) intervention, 32.8	psychosocial education in emergency	eligible participants agreed to enroll
intervention and home	(13.5) control	department followed by six home visits	
visits	Marital status: NR	over 18 months.	Retention
RCT	Military population: Civilian	Target: Person who attempted suicide	NR
	Comorbidities: Depressive disorder 21		
	percent; bipolar disorder: 1 percent;	Comparator	
	schizophrenia: 5 percent; mental	Usual care	
	retardation: 2 percent; psychosexual	Debriefing at the emergency	
	disorder: 1 percent; psychosexual	department	
	addiction: 1 percent		
	History of suicide attempts: NR	Follow-up time: 18 months	
	Eligibility criteria: Suicide attempters		
	who were treated in emergency room of		
	a rural general hospital.		
	Unit of randomization: Patient		
	Number of participants: 115		

NOTE: NR = not reported.

Table B.2. Risk of Bias

	Calastian	Performance	Detection		Other
	Selection Biog and	Blas/Blinding	Blas/Blinding	Attrition	Other Bick of
Author Year	Confounding	and Personnel	Assessment	Rias	Risk OI
Ahn et al. 2020	L ow risk	Low risk	l ow risk	High risk	L ow risk
Alavi et al. 2013	Unclear	High risk	Unclear	l ow risk	Low risk
Allard Marshall and Plante	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk
1992	Low non	Chologi	Low non	Choloan	Low non
Andreasson et al., 2016	Low risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Bateman et al., 2016	Unclear	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	High risk
Battaglia et al., 1999	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Hiah risk	Low risk
Bergmans and Links, 2009	High risk	High risk	High risk	High risk	Low risk
Brown et al., 2005	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Burnand et al., 2016	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Cebria et al., 2015	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Chan et al., 2011	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Chen et al., 2012	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Chen et al., 2013	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Donaldson, Spirito, and	Low risk	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Esposito-Smythers, 2005					
Ducasse et al., 2017	Low risk	High risk	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk
Ettlinger, 1975	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk
Exbrayat et al., 2017	High risk	High risk	High risk	Unclear	Low risk
Fernández-Artamendi et al.,	High risk	Low risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk
2019					
Fleischmann, 2008	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	High risk	Low risk
Fossi Djembi et al., 2020	High risk	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear	Unclear
Gabilondo et al., 2020	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	High risk	Low risk
Ghahramanlou-Holloway et al.,	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
2018					
Gysin-Maillart et al., 2016	Low risk	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk	High risk
Hassanzadeh et al., 2010	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Hvid et al., 2011	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Ivanoff, 1984	Low risk	High risk	Unclear	Low risk	High risk
Jonnson et al., 2018	Low risk	Low risk	LOW ISK	Low risk	Hign risk
Kaslow et al., 2010	LOW ISK	LOW risk	Unclear	LOW risk	LOW risk
	High risk	LOW FISK	LOW ISK	LOW ISK	LOW ISK
Kawanishi et al., 2014	LOW FISK	LOW FISK	LOW ISK	LOW FISK	LOW FISK
Kim et al., 2018	High risk	LOW FISK	LOW FISK	LOW FISK	LOW FISK
Kim et al., 2020	High risk	LOW FISK	LOW FISK	High risk	LOW FISK
Tovčar 1009	nigh risk	LOW IISK	LOW IISK	nign risk	nign risk
LaCroix at al. 2018	Low rick	Uncloar	Low risk	Low rick	High rick
Laciolit et al., 2010	LOW TISK	Unclear	LOW IISK	LOW TISK	Low rick
Lanoz, Hviu, and Wang, 2016	LOW IISK	LOW IISK	LOW IISK	LOW IISK	LOW IISK
Libormon and Eckmon 1081	Low rick	Low rick	Luncloar	Low rick	LOW IISK High rick
Lipetal 2020	Lowrick	Low risk	Low risk	LOW IISK High rick	Lowrick
Linchan at al. 2015	Low rick	Low rick	Low risk	Low rick	Low risk
Linenan et al. 2013	Lowrick	Low lisk	Lunclear	LOW IISK High rick	Lowrisk
Marasinghe et al. 2012	Low risk	High rick	Low risk	l ow risk	Lowrisk
Matsubara et al. 2010	Low lisk	Linclear	Linclear	Linclear	Lowrisk
McCaulev et al. 2018		l ow risk	l ow risk		Low risk
Mishara et al. 2005	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low rick	Low riek
Möller 1992	High risk	Low risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk
Montgomery and Montgomery	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk	l ow risk	Low risk
1982a	Undear	LOW HOR		LOW HOR	LOW HOR

	Selection	Performance Bias/Blinding	Detection Bias/Blinding		Other
	Bias and	of Participants	of Outcome	Attrition	Risk of
Author, Year	Confounding	and Personnel	Assessment	Bias	Bias
Montgomery and Montgomery,	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
1982b					
Montgomery et al., 1994	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Mouaffak et al., 2015	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Mousavi, et al. 2014	Low risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Naidoo, Gathiram, and	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk
Schlebusch, 2014					
O'Connor et al., 2017	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
O'Connor et al., 2015	Low risk	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Oquendo et al., 2011	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Patsiokas and Clum, 1985	Low risk	High risk	Unclear	Low risk	High risk
Reijas et al., 2013	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Rotheram-Borus et al., 2000	Unclear	Low risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk
Salkovskis, Atha, and Storer, 1990	Low risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk	High risk
Spirito et al., 2002	Low risk	Hiah risk	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Stewart et al., 2009	Low risk	High risk	Unclear	Low risk	High risk
Sturm et al., 2012	Low risk	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Sun et al., 2014	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk
Tiihonen et al., 2006	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Toffol et al., 2015	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Vaiva et al., 2006	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Vaiva et al., 2018	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
van der Sande et al., 1997	Low risk	Low risk	High risk	Low risk	Low risk
Verkes et al., 1998	Low risk	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Vitiello et al., 2009	High risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Wang et al., 2016	Unclear	Low risk	Unclear	Low risk	Low risk
Wei et al., 2013	Low risk	High risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Welu, 1977	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk	Low risk
Xu et al., 2012	Unclear	Low risk	Unclear	Unclear	Low risk

This appendix provides citations for all the studies excluded at the full text review stage and for the identified background literature.

Excluded Studies

- "Anti-Inflammatory Treatment to Decrease Suicidality in Patients with a Recent Suicide Attempt and a Depressive Disorder," clinical trial, EUCTR2010-021024-10-SE, April 19, 2011. *Outcome*
- Abarbanel Mental Health Center and Ministry of Health, Israel, "A Double-Blind Study of Buprenorphine Treatment of Acute Suicidality," clinical trial, NCT00863291, last updated March 17, 2009. *Outcome*
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- ACTRN12605000210673, "Comparing Problem Solving Therapy, Cognitive-Behaviour Therapy and Treatment as Usual, in Clients with a Past Suicide Attempt to Decrease the Likelihood of a Future Suicide Attempt," 2005. *Outcome*
- ACTRN12605000337673, "Problem Solving Therapy After Attempted Suicide," 2005. Outcome
- ACTRN12605000634673, "A Patient Preference Trial of Problem Solving Therapy Following Deliberate Self Harm," 2005. *Outcome*
- ACTRN12605000743662, "Psychotherapeutic Intervention for Suicide Attempters: A Randomized Controlled Study," 2005. *Outcome*
- ACTRN12605000789662, "Post Discharge Care for High-Risk Psychiatric Patients," 2005. Outcome
- ACTRN12607000114448, "Multisite Intervention Study on Suicidal Behaviours (SUPRE-MISS)," 2007. *Outcome*
- ACTRN12616000266460, "A Feasibility Study of a Text Message Brief Intervention Following a Suicide Attempt," 2016. *Outcome*

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Abbreviations

CAMS	Collaborative Assessment and Management of Suicidality
CDSR	Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews
CBT	cognitive behavioral therapy
CI	confidence interval
CINAHL	Cumulative Index to Nursing and Allied Health Literature
DBL	dialectical behavior therapy
DoD	U.S. Department of Defense
EPC	Evidence-Based Practice Center
GRADE	Grading of Recommendations Assessment, Development and Evaluation
HAMD	Hamilton Depression Rating Scale—24-item
HAM-D17	Hamilton Rating Scale of Depression—17-item
ICTRP	International Clinical Trials Registry Platform
KQ	Key question
MADRS	Montgomery and Asberg Depression Rating Scale
MD	mean difference
OR	odds ratio
PACT	Post-Admission Cognitive Therapy
PHCoE	Psychological Health Center of Excellence
PICOTSS	participants, interventions, comparators, outcomes, timing, settings, and
	study design
QoE	quality of the body of evidence
RCT	randomized controlled trial
RoB	risk of bias
RR	relative risk
SBT	Skills-Based Treatment
SD	standard deviation
SMD	standardized mean difference
SSRI	selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor
WHO	World Health Organization

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ollowing a suicide attempt, components of aftercare can include efforts to reduce suicidal behavior (i.e., suicide, attempt, or ideation) of a person who has attempted suicide and facilitate the psychosocial adjustment of the patient and their family members. The purpose of this systematic review and meta-analysis of key outcomes was to synthesize the existing evidence on interventions for people who have attempted suicide and their family members.

The authors found that aftercare interventions show a statistically significant reduction in further suicide attempts for intervention participants. Studies also reported a reduction in suicide deaths, depression, and hopelessness, but the results are based on limited quality of evidence. The uptake of interventions and treatment retention varied widely by aftercare intervention. The authors could not explore the effects of the intervention target (e.g., participants who attempted suicide versus family members or both) or populations because of the homogeneity of the sample and the lack of studies measuring family member responses. The identified studies did not meaningfully address the effects of interventions on family members because these were rarely included in existing research studies.

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